

# **STIC Search Report**

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**TO: Tamthom Truong**  
**Location: REM-5B19/5C18**  
**Art Unit: 1624**  
**Tuesday, November 29, 2005**

**Case Serial Number: 10/613782**

**From: Mary Hale**  
**Location: Biotech/Chem Library**  
**Rem 1D86**  
**Phone: 2-2507**

**Mary.Hale@uspto.gov**

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**Feel free to contact me if you have any questions.**

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171578



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2-m  
amdt

#### Your Contact Information:

\* indicates mandatory information.

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(e.g., Susan.Smith@uspto.gov)

\*Employee No.: 74142

\*Art Unit/Org.: 1624

\*Office Location: REM -- 5B19

\*Phone No.: x 20676

Mailbox No.: REM -- 5C18

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\*Case serial number: 10/ 613,782

If not related to a patent application, please enter NA here.

Class / Subclass(es) 514/ 266.1; 544/ 284

Earliest Priority Filing Date: 07-05-02

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Bib Data Sheet

CONFIRMATION NO. 6985

SERIAL NUMBER 10/613,782	FILING DATE 07/03/2003  RULE	CLASS 514	GROUP ART UNIT 1624	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. 21159
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APPLICANTS

Patrizio Mattei, Riehen, SWITZERLAND;

Werner Mueller, Aesch, SWITZERLAND;  
 Werner Neidhart, Hagenthal le Bas, FRANCE; Matthias Heinrich Nettekoven, Grenzach-Wyhlen,  
 GERMANY;  
 Philippe Pflieger, Schwoben, FRANCE;

\*\* CONTINUING DATA \*\*\*\*\*

\*\* FOREIGN APPLICATIONS \*\*\*\*\*  
 EUROPEAN PATENT OFFICE (EPO) 02014904.3 07/05/2002

IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED  
 \*\* 10/27/2003

Foreign Priority claimed 35 USC 119 (a-d) conditions met	<input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> Met after Allowance	STATE OR COUNTRY SWITZERLAND	SHEETS DRAWING 0	TOTAL CLAIMS 18	INDEPENDENT CLAIMS 1
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Verified and Acknowledged

Examiner's Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Initials \_\_\_\_\_

ADDRESS  
 000151  
 HOFFMANN-LA ROCHE INC.  
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 07110

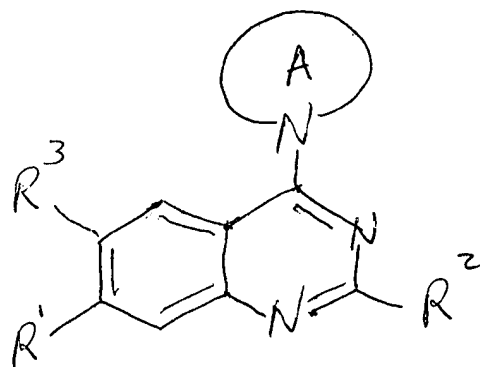
TITLE  
 Quinazoline derivatives

<input type="checkbox"/> All Fees
<input type="checkbox"/> 1.16 Fees ( Filing )

FILING FEE  RECEIVED 750	FEES: Authority has been given in Paper	<input type="checkbox"/> 1.17 Fees ( Processing Ext. of time )
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	No. _____ for following:	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____
		<input type="checkbox"/> Credit

10/613,782

Query



$R^1 = -OR^4$  or  $-N(R^5)(R^6)$

$R^2 =$  Alkyl or amino

$R^3 =$  H, Alkyl or halogen

$R^4 =$  hydrogen or  $\text{Ring}-(CH_2)_{0-7}$

$R^5, R^6 =$  H,  $\text{Ring}-(CH_2)_{0-7}$

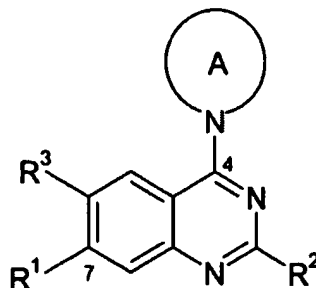
or,  $\text{Het}-\overset{\overset{O}{\parallel}}{C}-$

or  $R^5 + R^6 =$  forming a ring w/  
the nitrogen they're attached to.

See also attached claims 14 13.

**In the Claims:**

1. (Currently Amended) A compound of formula I



wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is -O-R<sup>4</sup> or -N(R<sup>5</sup>)(R<sup>6</sup>);

R<sup>2</sup> is alkyl or amino;

R<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen, alkyl or halogen;

R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen, aralkyl, substituted aralkyl, heterocyclalkyl, substituted heterocyclalkyl or cycloalkylalkyl;hydrogen;

alkyl;

alkoxyalkyl;

hydroxyalkyl;

aralkyl;

~~aralkyl which is substituted on the aryl with one or more substituents independently selected from halogen, trifluoromethyl, amino, alkyl, alkoxy, alkylcarbonyl, cyano, carbamoyl,~~

~~alkoxycarbamoyl, methylenedioxy, carboxy, alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, alkyaminocarbonyl, dialkylaminocarbonyl and hydroxy;~~

~~heterocyclalkyl;~~

~~heterocyclalkyl which is substituted on one or more carbon atoms of the heterocyclalkyl by one or more substituents independently selected from halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, oxo, cyano and haloalkyl;~~

~~cycloalkylalkyl;~~

~~amino-SO<sub>2</sub>-; or~~

~~alkyl-SO<sub>2</sub>-;~~

$R^5$  and  $R^6$  are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, aralkyl, substituted aralkyl, heterocyclyl, substituted heterocyclyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl or substituted heterocyclylcarbonyl~~hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, cycloalkylcarbonyl, aryl, aryl which is substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from halogen, trifluoromethyl, amino, alkyl, alkoxy, alkylcarbonyl, cyano, carbamoyl, alkoxycarbamoyl, methylenedioxy, carboxy, alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, dialkylaminocarbonyl, hydroxy and nitro; aralkyl, substituted aralkyl, arylcarbonyl, substituted arylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyl which is substituted on one or more carbon atoms by one or more substituents independently selected from halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, oxo, cyano and haloalkyl; heterocyclylalkyl, substituted heterocyclylalkyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, substituted heterocyclylcarbonyl, alkyl-SO<sub>2</sub>, aryl-SO<sub>2</sub>, heterocyclyl-SO<sub>2</sub>, substituted heterocyclyl-SO<sub>2</sub>, or amino-SO<sub>2</sub>, wherein substituted heterocyclylalkyl, substituted heterocyclylcarbonyl, and heterocyclyl-SO<sub>2</sub> are each substituted on one or more carbon atoms of the heterocyclyl by one or more substituents independently selected from halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, oxo, cyano and haloalkyl, and wherein substituted aralkyl and substituted arylcarbonyl are each substituted on the aryl with one or more substituents independently selected from halogen, trifluoromethyl, amino, alkyl, alkoxy, alkylcarbonyl, cyano, carbamoyl, alkoxycarbamoyl, methylenedioxy, carboxy, alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, dialkylaminocarbonyl, hydroxy and nitro, or~~

$R^5$  and  $R^6$  together with the N atom to which they are attached form a 5- to 10- membered unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclic ring which optionally comprises a second heteroatom selected from nitrogen or oxygen and, wherein the substituted heterocyclyl ring has one or more substituents independently selected from alkyl and alkoxy;

A is a 5 to 7-membered saturated unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclic ring comprising the nitrogen atom which is attached to the quinazoline ring and optionally a second heteroatom which is selected from oxygen, sulfur or nitrogen and, wherein the ring A substituted heterocyclic ring has one or more substituents independently selected from halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, cycloalkylalkoxy, hydroxy, amino, acetylamino, cyano, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, haloalkoxyalkyl and cycloalkylalkoxyalkyl; and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and esters thereof.

13. (Original) The compound according to claim 1 selected from  
4-(2-Methyl-4-pyrrolidin-1-yl-quinazolin-7-yloxymethyl)-benzonitrile;  
7-(2-Chloro-pyridin-3-ylmethoxy)-2-methyl-4-pyrrolidin-1-yl-quinazoline;  
7-(2-Fluoro-pyridin-3-ylmethoxy)-2-methyl-4-pyrrolidin-1-yl-quinazoline;  
(S)-{1-[7-(2-Chloro-pyridin-3-ylmethoxy)-2-methyl-quinazolin-4-yl]-pyrrolidin-2-yl}-methanol;  
(S)-4-[4-(3-Ethoxy-pyrrolidin-1-yl)-2-methyl-quinazolin-7-yloxymethyl]-benzonitrile;  
Isobutyl-(2-methyl-4-pyrrolidin-1-yl-quinazolin-7-yl)-amine;  
(2-Methyl-4-pyrrolidin-1-yl-quinazolin-7-yl)-pyridin-3-yl-amine;  
Furan-2-carboxylic acid (2-methyl-4-pyrrolidin-1-yl-quinazolin-7-yl)-amide;  
(S)-[4-(3-Ethoxy-pyrrolidin-1-yl)-2-methyl-quinazolin-7-yl]-pyridin-3-yl-amine; and  
(S)-[4-(3-Methoxy-pyrrolidin-1-yl)-2-methyl-quinazolin-7-yl]-pyridin-3-yl-amine.

14. (Original) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound in accordance with claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

15. (Original) A method of treatment of obesity in a patient in need of such treatment which comprises administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of from about 0.1 mg to 20 mg per kg body weight per day of the compound according to claim 1.

16. (Original) A method of treatment of obesity in a patient in need of such treatment which comprises administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount from about 0.1 mg to 20 mg per kg body weight per day of the compound according to claim 1 and a therapeutically effective amount of from 60 to 720 mg per day of orlistat.

17. (Original) The method according to claim 16 wherein the compound according to claim 1 and the orlistat are administered simultaneously, separately or sequentially.



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Page 1

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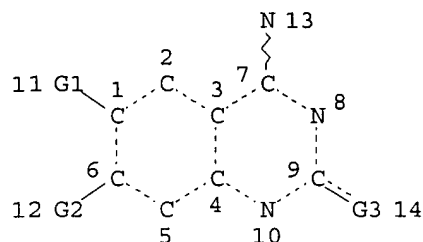
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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:57:13 ON 29 NOV 2005

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L2 2 S L1  
L3 39 S L1 FUL

=> d l3 que stat;fil medl,biosis,embase,caplus;s l3

L1 STR



VAR G1=X/AK/H

VAR G2=O/N

VAR G3=C/N

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

NSPEC IS R AT 13

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 14

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L3 39 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L1

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39 ANSWERS

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Prepared by: Mary Hale @2-2507 Rem Bldg 1D86

L4 0 FILE MEDLINE  
 L5 0 FILE BIOSIS  
 L6 0 FILE EMBASE  
 L7 4 FILE CAPLUS

## TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L8 4 L3

=> d 1-4 ibib abs hitstr

L8 ANSWER 1 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:41451 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:111423

TITLE: Quinazoline derivatives useful as neuropeptide Y (NPY) receptor ligands, particularly antagonists, their preparation and pharmaceutical compositions, and their use in the treatment of, e.g. obesity

INVENTOR(S): Mattei, Patrizio; Mueller, Werner; Neidhart, Werner; Nettekoven, Matthias Heinrich; Pflieger, Philippe

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ag, Switz.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 44 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

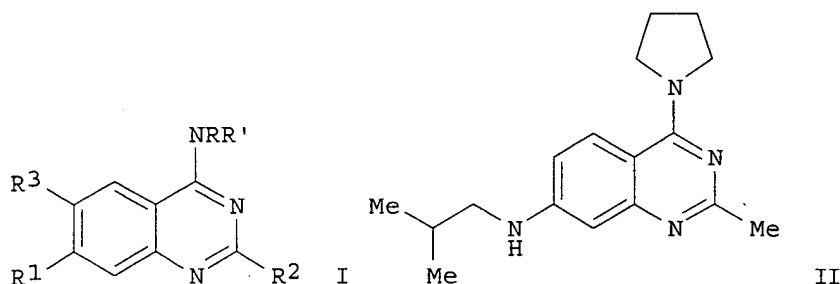
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

## PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004005265	A1	20040115	WO 2003-EP6868	20030627
W:			AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW	
RW:			GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG	
CA 2489251	AA	20040115	CA 2003-2489251	20030627
BR 2003012461	A	20050426	BR 2003-12461	20030627
EP 1560816	A1	20050810	EP 2003-740372	20030627
R:			AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK	
JP 2005535648	T2	20051124	JP 2004-518609	20030627
US 2004029901	A1	20040212	US 2003-613782	20030703
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			EP 2002-14904	A 20020705
			WO 2003-EP6868	W 20030627
OTHER SOURCE(S):		MARPAT 140:111423		
GI				



AB Title compds. I and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts and esters can be used in the form of pharmaceutical prepsns. for the treatment or prevention of arthritis, cardiovascular diseases, diabetes, renal failure, eating disorders, and obesity [wherein: R1 = OR4 or NR5R6; = alkyl or amino; R3 = H, alkyl, or halogen; R4 = H, alkyl, alkoxyalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, amino-SO2-, or alkyl-SO2-; R5, R6 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, cycloalkylcarbonyl, aryl, aralkyl, arylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, heterocyclalkyl, heterocyclalkylalkyl, heterocyclalkylcarbonyl, alkyl-SO2-, aryl-SO2-, heterocyclalkyl-SO2-, or amino-SO2-; or NR5R6 = 5- to 10-membered heterocyclic ring with optional addnl. N or O atom, and optionally substituted with alkyl and/or alkoxy; NRR' = 5- to 7-membered saturated heterocyclic ring optionally containing a second heteroatom (O, N, or S)

and, optionally substituted by halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, cycloalkylalkoxy, hydroxy, amino, acetylamino, cyano, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, haloalkoxyalkyl, and cycloalkylalkoxyalkyl]. I are neuropeptide ligands; more specifically, they are selective neuropeptide Y (NPY) antagonists, and in particular, they are antagonists for the Y5 receptor subtype. Approx. 34 specific examples were prepared, and 10 of these are claimed. For instance, 4-bromoanthranilic acid was cyclocondensed with acetyl chloride to give 99.4% 7-bromo-2-methyl-3H-quinazolin-4-one, which was treated with POCl3 and PhNMe2 to give 59% 7-bromo-4-chloro-2-methylquinazoline. Aminolysis of this dihalide, first with pyrrolidine at the 4-position (100%), and then with isobutylamine at the 7-position, gave a preferred invention compound, II. In tests for displacement of labeled peptide YY (PYY) from mouse brain NPY5 receptors expressed in HEK 293 cells, compound II had an IC50 value of 3 nM.

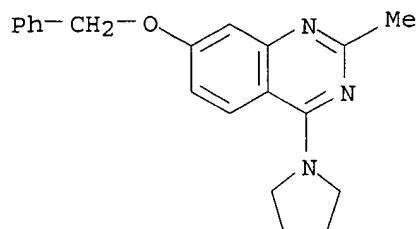
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RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(drug candidate; preparation of quinazoline derivs. as NPY antagonists for treatment of obesity, etc.)

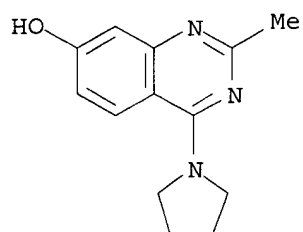
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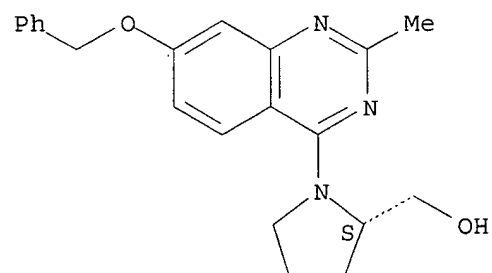
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RN 646450-66-0 CAPLUS

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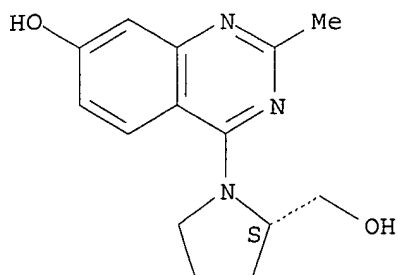
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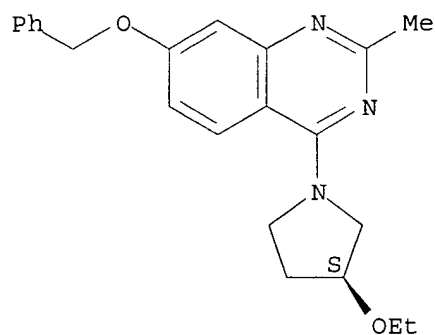
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Absolute stereochemistry.



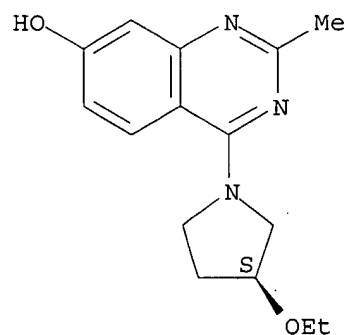
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Absolute stereochemistry.



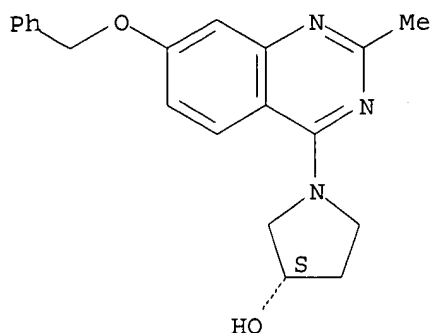
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INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 646450-76-2 CAPLUS  
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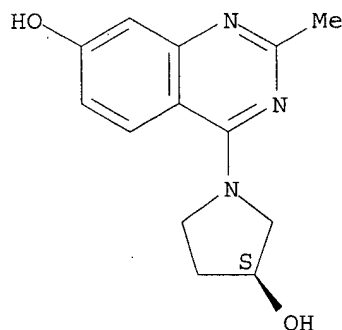
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 646450-77-3 CAPLUS

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Absolute stereochemistry.



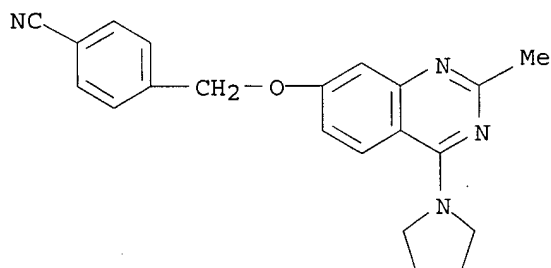
IT 646450-56-8P, 4-[[[2-Methyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)quinazolin-7-yl]oxy]methyl]benzonitrile 646450-58-0P, 7-(2-Chloropyridin-3-ylmethoxy)-2-methyl-4-pyrrolidin-1-ylquinazoline 646450-61-5P, 2-[[[2-Methyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)quinazolin-7-yl]oxy]methyl]benzonitrile 646450-62-6P, 7-(2-Fluoropyridin-3-ylmethoxy)-2-methyl-4-pyrrolidin-1-ylquinazoline 646450-63-7P, 5-[[[2-Methyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)quinazolin-7-yl]oxy]methyl]pyridine-2-carbonitrile 646450-64-8P, 7-Cyclopropylmethoxy-2-methyl-4-pyrrolidin-1-ylquinazoline hydrochloride 646450-65-9P, 4-[[2-Methyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)quinazolin-7-yl]oxy]benzonitrile 646450-68-2P, (S)-4-[[[4-(2-Hydroxymethylpyrrolidin-1-yl)-2-methylquinazolin-7-yl]oxy]methyl]benzonitrile 646450-69-3P, (S)-[1-[7-(2-Chloropyridin-3-ylmethoxy)-2-methylquinazolin-4-yl]pyrrolidin-2-yl]methanol 646450-70-6P, (S)-[1-[7-(2-Fluoropyridin-3-ylmethoxy)-2-methylquinazolin-4-yl]pyrrolidin-2-yl]methanol 646450-71-7P, (S)-5-[[[4-(2-Hydroxymethylpyrrolidin-1-yl)-2-methylquinazolin-7-yl]oxy]methyl]pyridine-2-carbonitrile 646450-72-8P, (S)-[1-[7-(Cyclopropylmethoxy)-2-methylquinazolin-4-yl]pyrrolidin-2-yl]methanol 646450-75-1P, (S)-4-[[[4-(3-Ethoxypyrrolidin-1-yl)-2-methylquinazolin-7-yl]oxy]methyl]benzonitrile 646450-79-5P, (Cyclopropylmethyl)[2-methyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)quinazolin-7-yl]amine 646450-80-8P, (Isobutyl)[2-methyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)quinazolin-7-yl]amine 646450-81-9P, (2,2-Dimethylpropyl)[2-methyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)quinazolin-7-yl]amine 646450-82-0P, (2-Chlorobenzyl)[2-methyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-

yl)quinazolin-7-yl]amine **646450-83-1P**, (2-Methylbenzyl)[2-methyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)quinazolin-7-yl]amine **646450-84-2P**, 4-[[2-Methyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)quinazolin-7-yl]amino]benzonitrile **646450-85-3P**, (4-Fluorophenyl)[2-methyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)quinazolin-7-yl]amine **646450-86-4P**, [2-Methyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)quinazolin-7-yl](pyridin-3-yl)amine **646450-87-5P**, Furan-2-carboxylic acid N-[2-methyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)quinazolin-7-yl]amide **646450-88-6P**, (S)-[4-(3-Ethoxypyrrolidin-1-yl)-2-methylquinazolin-7-yl](pyridin-3-yl)amine **646450-89-7P**, (S)-[4-(3-Ethoxypyrrolidin-1-yl)-2-methylquinazolin-7-yl](4-fluorophenyl)amine **646450-90-0P**, (S)-[4-(3-Methoxypyrrolidin-1-yl)-2-methylquinazolin-7-yl](pyridin-3-yl)amine  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(drug candidate; preparation of quinazoline derivs. as NPY antagonists for treatment of obesity, etc.)

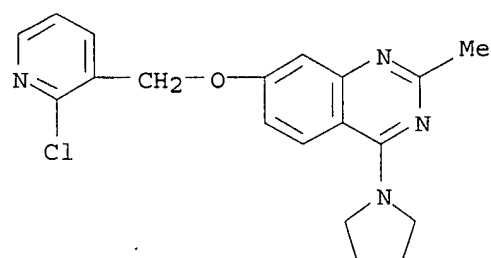
RN 646450-56-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzonitrile, 4-[[[2-methyl-4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-7-quinazolinyl]oxy]methyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



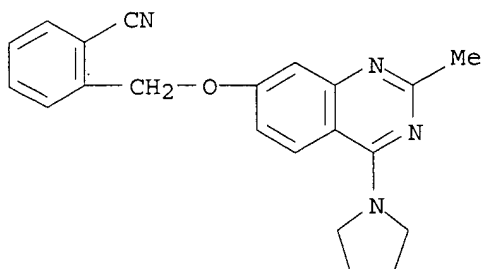
RN 646450-58-0 CAPLUS

CN Quinazoline, 7-[(2-chloro-3-pyridinyl)methoxy]-2-methyl-4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

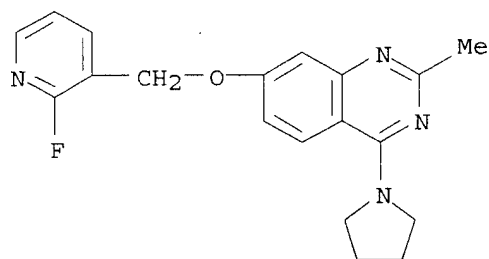


RN 646450-61-5 CAPLUS

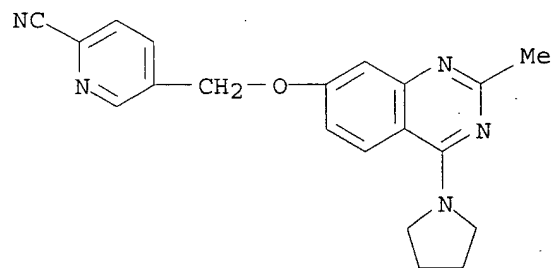
CN Benzonitrile, 2-[[[2-methyl-4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-7-quinazolinyl]oxy]methyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 646450-62-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Quinazoline, 7-[(2-fluoro-3-pyridinyl)methoxy]-2-methyl-4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

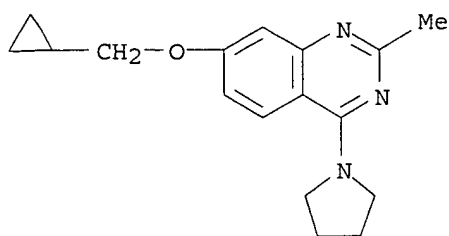


RN 646450-63-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 2-Pyridinecarbonitrile, 5-[[[2-methyl-4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-7-quinazolinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



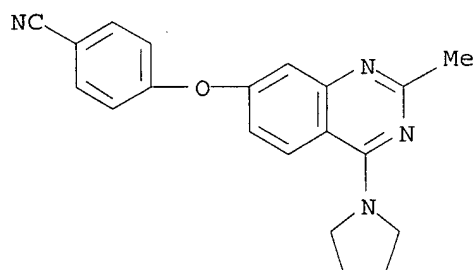
RN 646450-64-8 CAPLUS  
 CN Quinazoline, 7-(cyclopropylmethoxy)-2-methyl-4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





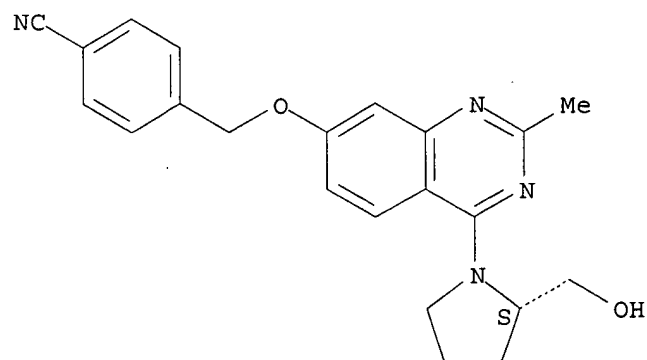
● HCl

RN 646450-65-9 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzonitrile, 4-[[2-methyl-4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-7-quinazolinyl]oxy]- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)



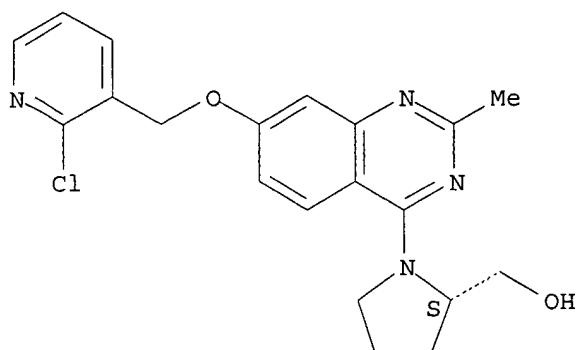
RN 646450-68-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzonitrile, 4-[[[4-[(2S)-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1-pyrrolidinyl]-2-methyl-7-quinazolinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 646450-69-3 CAPLUS  
 CN 2-Pyrrolidinemethanol, 1-[7-[(2-chloro-3-pyridinyl)methoxy]-2-methyl-4-quinazolinyl]-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

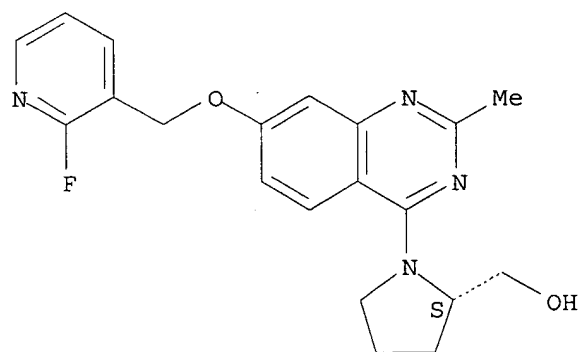
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 646450-70-6 CAPLUS

CN 2-Pyrrolidinemethanol, 1-[7-[(2-fluoro-3-pyridinyl)methoxy]-2-methyl-4-quinazolinyl]-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

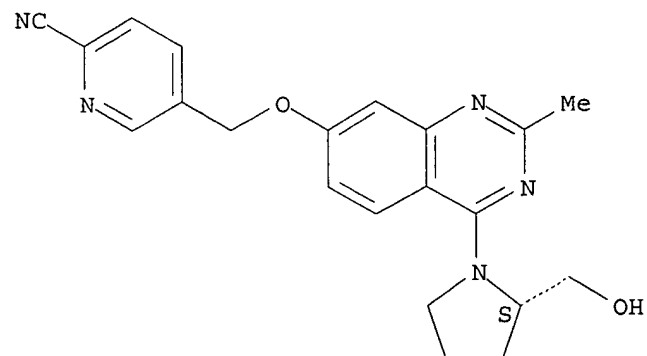
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 646450-71-7 CAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinecarbonitrile, 5-[[[4-[(2S)-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1-pyrrolidinyl]-2-methyl-7-quinazolinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

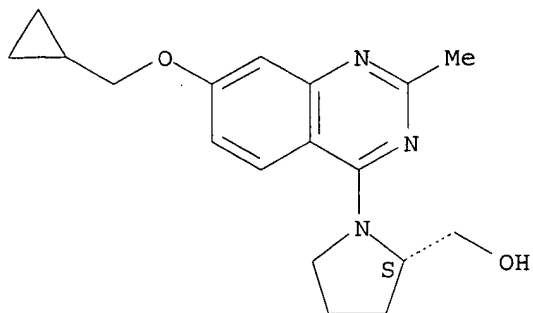
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 646450-72-8 CAPLUS

CN 2-Pyrrolidinemethanol, 1-[7-(cyclopropylmethoxy)-2-methyl-4-quinazolinyl]-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

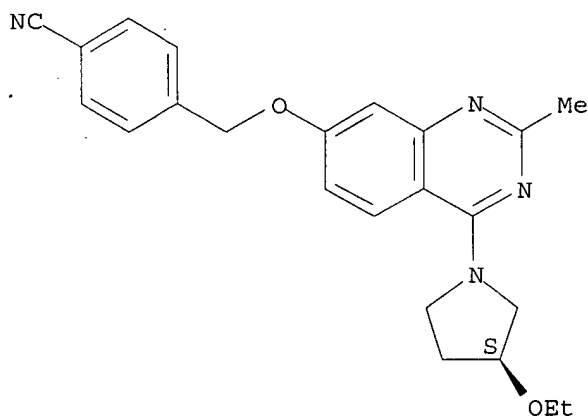
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 646450-75-1 CAPLUS

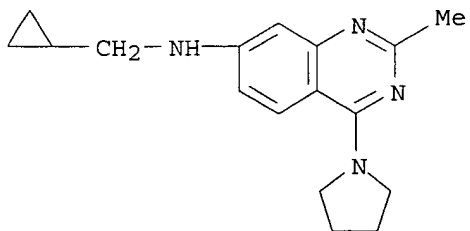
CN Benzonitrile, 4-[[[4-[(3S)-3-ethoxy-1-pyrrolidinyl]-2-methyl-7-quinazolinyl]oxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



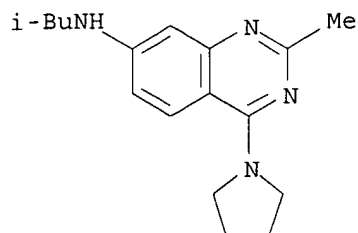
RN 646450-79-5 CAPLUS

CN 7-Quinazolinamine, N-(cyclopropylmethyl)-2-methyl-4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

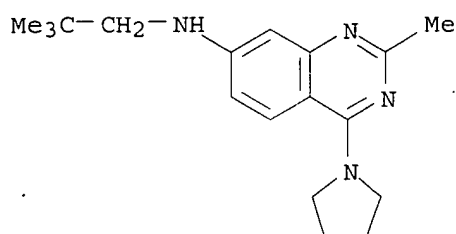


RN 646450-80-8 CAPLUS

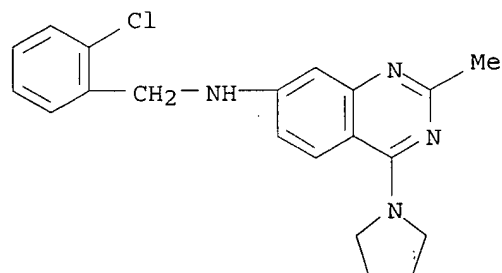
CN 7-Quinazolinamine, 2-methyl-N-(2-methylpropyl)-4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



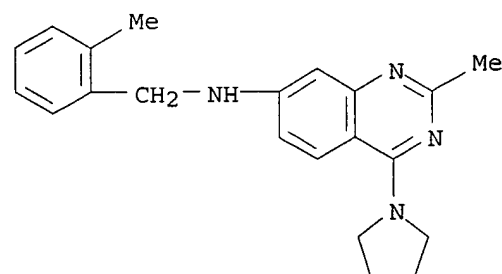
RN 646450-81-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 7-Quinazolinamine, N-(2,2-dimethylpropyl)-2-methyl-4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 646450-82-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 7-Quinazolinamine, N-[(2-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-methyl-4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

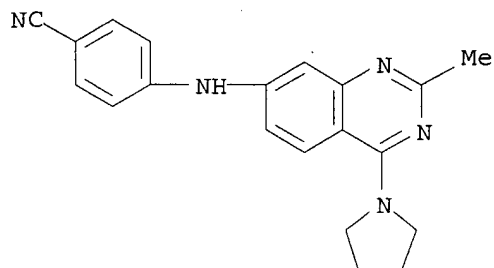


RN 646450-83-1 CAPLUS  
 CN 7-Quinazolinamine, 2-methyl-N-[(2-methylphenyl)methyl]-4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



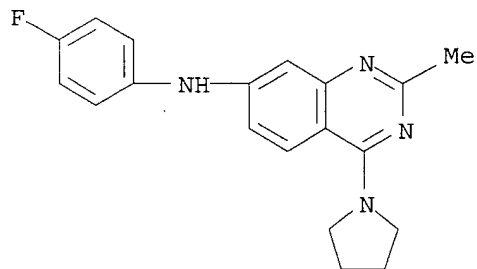
RN 646450-84-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzonitrile, 4-[[2-methyl-4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-7-quinazolinyl]amino]- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



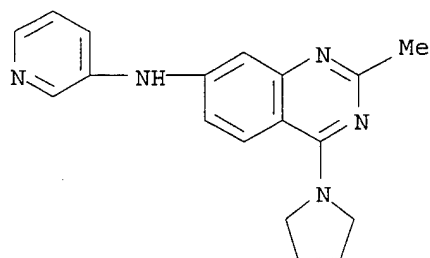
RN 646450-85-3 CAPLUS

CN 7-Quinazolinamine, N-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methyl-4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



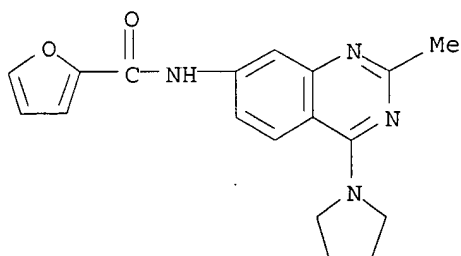
RN 646450-86-4 CAPLUS

CN 7-Quinazolinamine, 2-methyl-N-3-pyridinyl-4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)- (9CI) (CA  
INDEX NAME)



RN 646450-87-5 CAPLUS

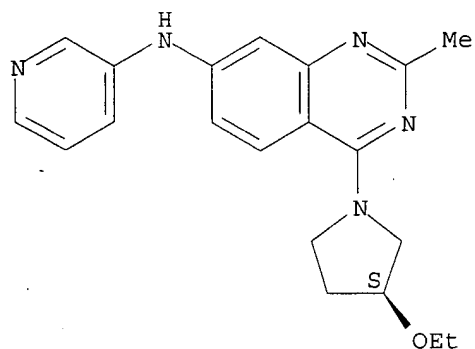
CN 2-Furancarboxamide, N-[2-methyl-4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-7-quinazolinyl]- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



RN 646450-88-6 CAPLUS

CN 7-Quinazolinamine, 4-[(3S)-3-ethoxy-1-pyrrolidinyl]-2-methyl-N-3-pyridinyl-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

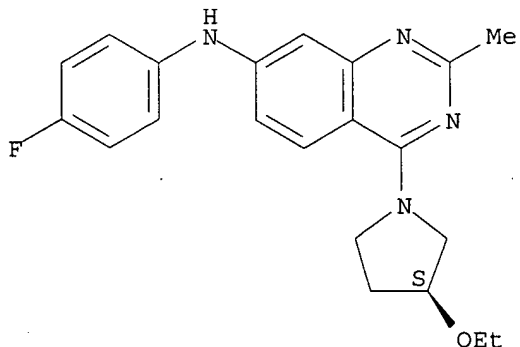
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 646450-89-7 CAPLUS

CN 7-Quinazolinamine, 4-[(3S)-3-ethoxy-1-pyrrolidinyl]-N-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

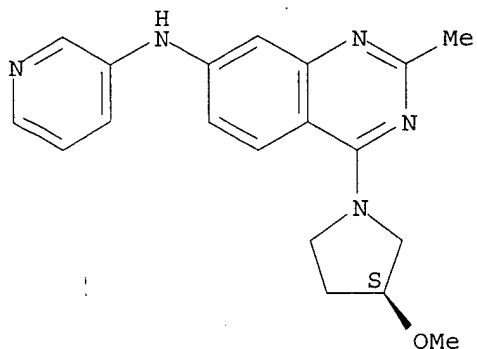
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 646450-90-0 CAPLUS

CN 7-Quinazolinamine, 4-[(3S)-3-methoxy-1-pyrrolidinyl]-2-methyl-N-3-pyridinyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 2 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:172597 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:209716  
 TITLE: Preparation of 2-vinyl-4-aminoquinazoline derivatives as insulin secretion promoters and antidiabetics  
 INVENTOR(S): Ueno, Kimihisa; Nomoto, Yuji; Takasaki, Kotaro; Yoshida, Miho; Kusaka, Hideaki; Yano, Hiroshi; Nakanishi, Satoshi; Matsuda, Yuzuru; Uesaka, Noriaki; Suzuki, Chiharu  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kyowa Hakko Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan; et al.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 113 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9909986	A1	19990304	WO 1998-JP3711	19980821
W: AU, BG, BR, CA, CN, CZ, HU, IL, JP, KR, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK, UA, US, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
AU 9887487	A1	19990316	AU 1998-87487	19980821
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1997-225963	A 19970822
			WO 1998-JP3711	W 19980821
OTHER SOURCE(S):		MARPAT 130:209716		
GI				

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB Claimed are insulin secretion promoters and remedies for diabetes which contain as the active ingredient 2-vinyl-4-aminoquinazoline derivs. represented by general formula (I) or pharmacol. acceptable salts thereof [wherein R1A and R1B are the same or different and each represents hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, halogeno, nitro, NR3R4 (wherein R3 and R4 are the same or different and each represents hydrogen or lower alkyl), etc.; or R1A may form together with R1B adjacent thereto O(CH2)nO

(wherein n is 1 or 2); Cy represents optionally substituted aryl; R2 represents hydrogen or optionally substituted lower alkyl; and A represents hydrogen or optionally substituted lower alkyl, optionally substituted cycloalkyl, etc.; or R2 and A may form together with the nitrogen atom adjacent thereto an optionally substituted heterocycle]. These compds. exhibited insulin secretion activity at high concentration of glucose (14.5 mM) but no substantial activity at low concentration of glucose ( $\leq 5$  mM). For comparison, glubenclamide did exhibit substantial insulin-secretion activity at low concentration of glucose. Thus, 7-chloro-7-methoxy-2-[2-(E)-(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)vinyl]quinazoline was condensed with N-methylphenethylamine to give the title compound (II). II in vitro showed insulin secretion activity of 3,413 ng/mL at 1  $\mu$ M under 14.5 mM glucose and 86 ng/mL at 10  $\mu$ M under 5 mM glucose in spleen  $\beta$ -cells (MIN6) as compared to that of 684 ng/mL at 0.1  $\mu$ M under 14.5 mM glucose and 317 ng/mL at 0.1  $\mu$ M under 5 mM glucose for glubenclamide.

IT 221008-87-3P

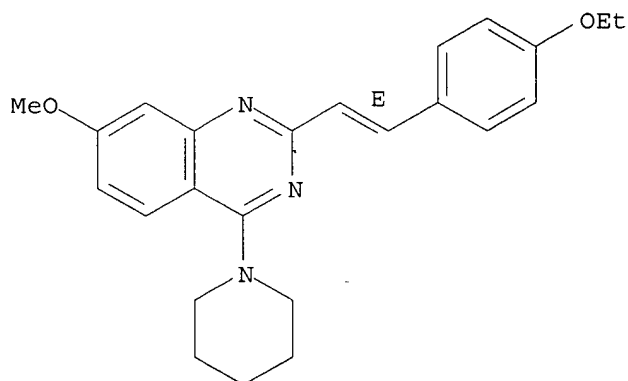
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of vinylaminoquinazoline derivs. as insulin secretion promoters and antidiabetics)

RN 221008-87-3 CAPLUS

CN Quinazoline, 2-[(1E)-2-(4-ethoxyphenyl)ethenyl]-7-methoxy-4-(1-piperidinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



REFERENCE COUNT: 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 3 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:490317 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:90317

TITLE: Preparation of 2,4-diaminoquinazolines for enhancing antitumor activity

INVENTOR(S): Coe, Jotham Wadsworth; Fliri, Anton Franz; Kaneko, Takushi; Larson, Eric Robert

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pfizer Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 83 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

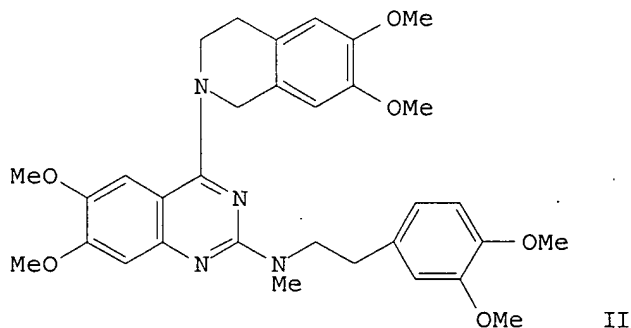
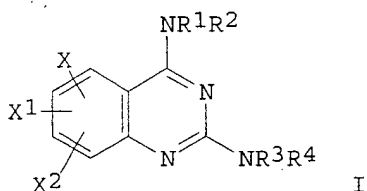
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1



## PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9207844	A1	19920514	WO 1991-US7254	19911010
W: AU, BR, CA, CS, DE, FI, HU, JP, KR, NO, PL, SU, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LU, NL, SE				
CA 2095213	AA	19920507	CA 1991-2095213	19911010
AU 9190592	A1	19920526	AU 1991-90592	19911010
AU 644035	B2	19931202		
EP 556310	A1	19930825	EP 1992-900750	19911010
EP 556310	B1	19950705		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
JP 05507290	T2	19931021	JP 1992-501815	19911010
HU 64533	A2	19940128	HU 1993-1314	19911010
BR 9107070	A	19940531	BR 1991-7070	19911010
ES 2074867	T3	19950916	ES 1992-900750	19911010
CN 1061411	A	19920527	CN 1991-108479	19911105
ZA 9108767	A	19930505	ZA 1991-8767	19911105
NO 9301635	A	19930505	NO 1993-1635	19930505
US 5444062	A	19950822	US 1993-50047	19930505
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1990-609986	A1 19901106
OTHER SOURCE(S):			WO 1991-US7254	A 19911010
GI			MARPAT 117:90317	



AB Title compds. [I; X, X1 = H, alkyl, alkoxy, Br, iodo, NO<sub>2</sub>, amino, Me<sub>2</sub>S<sup>+</sup>, aminomethyl, MeS, HOCH<sub>2</sub>, (substituted) benzoylamino, alkanoylamino, 4-methylpiperazino, morpholino, piperazino, pyrrolidino, etc.; X<sub>2</sub> = H, alkyl, alkoxy; XX1 = ethylenedioxy, methylenedioxy; R1 = alkoxyalkyl, cycloalkyl, benzodioxan-2-ylmethyl; R2 = H, alkyl, PhCH<sub>2</sub>; R1R2 = (substituted) benzodiazepinyl, piperidino, decahydroisoquinol-2-yl, octahydroisoindol-2-yl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-β-carbol-2-yl; R3 = cycloalkyl, benzodioxan-2-ylmethyl, (substituted) aralkyl, pyridylalkyl,

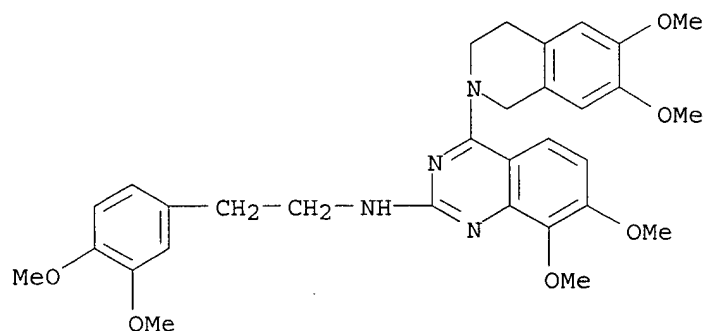
alkoxyalkyl, indolylalkyl, tetrahydronaphthyl, indenyl, naphthyl, etc.; R4 = H, alkyl; R3R4N = (substituted) tetrahydroisoquinolyl, piperidino, piperazino], were prepared as p-glycoprotein inhibitors to reverse multidrug resistance (no data). Thus, 2,4-dichloro-6,7-dimethoxyquinazoline, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-6,7-dimethoxyisoquinoline, and Et3N were stirred 16 h in dimethylacetamide to give 2-chloro-4-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-6,7-dimethoxyisoquinol-2-yl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinazoline. The latter was heated with N-methyl-3,4-dimethoxyphenethylamine in ethoxyethoxyethanol to give title compound II.

IT 142716-12-9P 142735-40-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of, as P-glycoprotein inhibitor)

RN 142716-12-9 CAPLUS

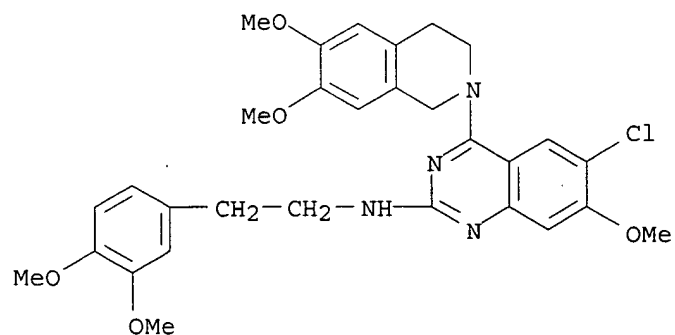
CN 2-Quinazolinamine, 4-(3,4-dihydro-6,7-dimethoxy-2(1H)-isoquinolinyl)-N-[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-7,8-dimethoxy-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 142735-40-8 CAPLUS

CN 2-Quinazolinamine, 6-chloro-4-(3,4-dihydro-6,7-dimethoxy-2(1H)-isoquinolinyl)-N-[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-7-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L8 ANSWER 4 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1972:405511 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 77:5511

TITLE: 2-Styryl-4-aminoquinazolines  
 INVENTOR(S): Breuer, Hermann; Schulze, Ernst  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): E. R. Squibb and Sons, Inc.  
 SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 18 pp.  
 CODEN: GWXXBX  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: German  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 2135172	A	19720120	DE 1971-2135172	19710714
US 3753981	A	19730821	US 1970-55252	19700715
CH 532056	A	19730215	CH 1971-532056	19710714
CA 971962	A1	19750729	CA 1971-118193	19710714
FR 2100916	A5	19720324	FR 1971-25952	19710715
FR 2100916	B1	19741018		
HU 163174	P	19730628	HU 1971-SU648	19710715
GB 1364294	A	19740821	GB 1971-33228	19710715
			US 1970-55252	A 19700715

## PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

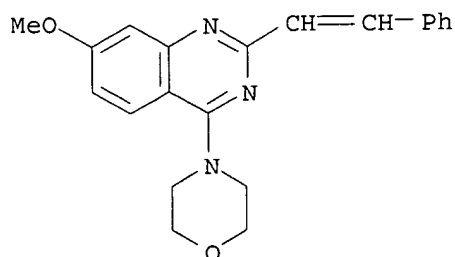
AB The title compds. [I, R = NHCHMe(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>Net<sub>2</sub>, morpholino, or 4-methyl-1-piperazinyl; R<sub>1</sub> = H, Cl, OMe, or NO<sub>2</sub>; R<sub>2</sub> = H or Cl], useful as antiinflammatory agents, were prepared by treatment of 2-styryl-4(3H)-quinazolinones with POCl<sub>3</sub> to give I (R = Cl) and reaction with amines. Thus, 28.3 g 6-chloro-2-styryl-4(3H)-quinazolinone was refluxed 4 hr with POCl<sub>3</sub> in PhNMe<sub>2</sub> and C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> to give I (R = Cl, R<sub>1</sub> = 6-Cl, R<sub>2</sub> = H). Similarly prepared were 8 I (R = Cl), e.g. (R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> given): 7-Cl, H (II); 6-OMe, Cl. Refluxing 8.4 g II 15 hr with H<sub>2</sub>NCHMe(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>Net<sub>2</sub> in C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> gave 9.25 g I [R = NHCHMe(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>Net<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>1</sub> = 7-Cl, R<sub>2</sub> = H], from which the di-HCl salt was also prepared. Similarly prepared were 14 addnl. I, e.g.. (R-R<sub>2</sub> and salt given): morpholino, 7-Cl, Cl, -; 4-methyl-1-piperazinyl, 6-Cl, H, 1.5HCl.0.5H<sub>2</sub>O; NHCHMe(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>Net<sub>2</sub>, 7-OMe, H, 2HCl.2H<sub>2</sub>O.

IT 36945-47-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of)

RN 36945-47-8 CAPLUS

CN Quinazoline, 7-methoxy-4-(4-morpholinyl)-2-(2-phenylethenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



=&gt; fil reg

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE

ENTRY

25.10

TOTAL

SESSION

187.93

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-2.92	-2.92

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:00:18 ON 29 NOV 2005  
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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file  
 provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 28 NOV 2005 HIGHEST RN 868827-82-1  
 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 28 NOV 2005 HIGHEST RN 868827-82-1

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JULY 14, 2005

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when  
 conducting SmartSELECT searches.

```
*****
*
* The CA roles and document type information have been removed from *
* the IDE default display format and the ED field has been added, *
* effective March 20, 2005. A new display format, IDERL, is now *
* available and contains the CA role and document type information. *
*
*****
```

Structure search iteration limits have been increased. See HELP SLIMITS  
 for details.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and  
 predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of  
 experimental property data in the original document. For information  
 on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html>

```
=> e "4-(2-methyl-4-pyrrolidin-1-yl-quinazolin-7-yloxymethyl)-benzonitrile"/cn
E1      1      4-(2-METHYL-4-PYRIDYL)PIPERAZINE-2-CARBOXYLIC ACID TERT-BUTY
          L ESTER/CN
E2      1      4-(2-METHYL-4-PYRIMIDINYL)-1-PIPERAZINESULFONAMIDE/CN
E3      0 --> 4-(2-METHYL-4-PYRROLIDIN-1-YL-QUINAZOLIN-7-YLOXYMETHYL)-BENZ
          ONITRILE/CN
E4      1      4-(2-METHYL-4-QUINOLINYL)BENZOIC ACID/CN
E5      1      4-(2-METHYL-4-THIAZOLYL)PYRIDINE/CN
E6      1      4-(2-METHYL-5,6,7,8-TETRAHYDROQUINOLIN-7-YLMETHYL)-1,3-DIHYD
          ROIMIDAZOLE-2-THIONE/CN
E7      1      4-(2-METHYL-5-((2-THIOXO-2,3-DIHYDRO-1H-IMIDAZOL-4-YL)METHYL
          )CYCLOPENT-1-ENYL)BENZONITRILE/CN
E8      1      4-(2-METHYL-5-((PIPERIDIN-1-YL)SULFONYL)PHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYRAL
          DEHYDE/CN
E9      1      4-(2-METHYL-5-(METHOXYCARBONYL)ANILINO)-2-(3-PYRIDINYL)-6-(T
          RIFLUOROMETHYL)PYRIMIDINE/CN
E10     1      4-(2-METHYL-5-(METHYLSULFONYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL)-8-(TRIFLUOROME
          THYL)QUINOLINE/CN
E11     1      4-(2-METHYL-5-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL)-8-(TRIFLUOROM
```

ETHYL) QUINOLINE/CN  
E12 1 4-(2-METHYL-5-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)ANILINO)-2-(3-PYRIDINYL)-6-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PYRIMIDINE/CN  
=> e "7-(2-chloro-pyridin-3-ylmethoxy)-2-methyl-4-pyrrolidin-1-yl-quinazoline"/cn  
E1 1 7-(2-CHLORO-6-METHYLBENZENESULFONYL)-1-PIPERAZIN-1-YLISOQUINOLINE/CN  
E2 1 7-(2-CHLORO-6-METHYLBENZENESULFONYL)-1-PIPERAZIN-1-YLISOQUINOLINE MONOHYDROCHLORIDE/CN  
E3 0 --> 7-(2-CHLORO-PYRIDIN-3-YLMETHOXY)-2-METHYL-4-PYRROLIDIN-1-YL-QUINAZOLINE/CN  
E4 1 7-(2-CHLOROACETYL)-1,3,4,5-TETRAHYDROBENZO(B)AZEPIN-2-ONE/CN  
E5 1 7-(2-CHLOROACETYL)-5,5-DIMETHYL-1,3,4,5-TETRAHYDROBENZO(B)AZEPIN-2-ONE/CN  
E6 1 7-(2-CHLOROACETYL)AMINO-9A-METHOXYMITOSAN/CN  
E7 1 7-(2-CHLOROBENZOYL)-2,3,4,5-TETRAHYDRO-1-BENZOXEPIN/CN  
E8 1 7-(2-CHLOROBENZYL)-2-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)-2H-CHROMENE-3-CARBOXYLIC ACID/CN  
E9 1 7-(2-CHLOROBENZYLOXY)-1-(2-METHYLPROPYL)-2-PROPYL-1H-IMIDAZO(4,5-C)QUINOLIN-4-AMINE/CN  
E10 1 7-(2-CHLOROBENZYLOXY)-2-(ETHOXYMETHYL)-1-(2-METHYLPROPYL)-1H-IMIDAZO(4,5-C)QUINOLIN-4-AMINE/CN  
E11 1 7-(2-CHLOROBENZYLOXY)-2-(MORPHOLIN-4-YL)-CHROMEN-4-ONE/CN  
E12 1 7-(2-CHLOROETHANOYL)-1H-PYRIDO(2,3-B)(1,4)THIAZIN-2-ONE/CN

=> s methyl(1)pyrrolidin?(1)quinazolin?(1)oxymethyl(1)benzonitrile  
15813450 METHYL  
95 METHYLS  
15813450 METHYL  
(METHYL OR METHYLS)  
528275 PYRROLIDIN?  
292151 QUINAZOLIN?  
195561 OXYMETHYL  
71835 BENZONITRILE  
L9 0 METHYL(L)PYRROLIDIN?(L)QUINAZOLIN?(L)OXYMETHYL(L)BENZONITRILE

=> s methyl(1)pyrrolidin?(1)quinazolin?(1)ylloxymethyl(1)benzonitrile  
15813450 METHYL  
95 METHYLS  
15813450 METHYL  
(METHYL OR METHYLS)  
528275 PYRROLIDIN?  
292151 QUINAZOLIN?  
3048 YLOXYMETHYL  
71835 BENZONITRILE  
L10 0 METHYL(L)PYRROLIDIN?(L)QUINAZOLIN?(L)YLOXYMETHYL(L)BENZONITRILE

=> s chloro(1)pyridin?(1)ylmethoxy(1)methyl(1)pyrrolidin?(1)quinazoline?  
4116117 CHLORO  
46 CHLOROS  
4116117 CHLORO  
(CHLORO OR CHLOROS)  
1842252 PYRIDIN?  
84448 YLMETHOXY  
15813450 METHYL  
95 METHYLS  
15813450 METHYL  
(METHYL OR METHYLS)  
528275 PYRROLIDIN?  
68401 QUINAZOLINE?

L11 1 CHLORO(L) PYRIDIN? (L) YLMETHOXY (L) METHYL (L) PYRROLIDIN? (L) QUINAZOLINE?

s fluoro(l)pyridin?(l)ylmethoxy(l)methyl(l)pyrrolidin?(l)quinazoline?

2894185 FLUORO  
15 FLUOROS  
2894185 FLUORO  
(FLUORO OR FLUOROS)  
1842252 PYRIDIN?  
84448 YLMETHOXY  
15813450 METHYL  
95 METHYLS  
15813450 METHYL  
(METHYL OR METHYLS)

528275 PYRROLIDIN?  
68401 QUINAZOLINE?

L12 1 FLUORO (L) PYRIDIN? (L) YLMETHOXY (L) METHYL (L) PYRROLIDIN? (L) QUINAZOLINE?

=> s chloro(l)pyridin?(l)ylmethoxy(l)methyl(l)quinazolin?(l)pyrrolidin(l)methanol

4116117 CHLORO  
46 CHLOROS  
4116117 CHLORO  
(CHLORO OR CHLOROS)  
1842252 PYRIDIN?  
84448 YLMETHOXY  
15813450 METHYL  
95 METHYLS  
15813450 METHYL  
(METHYL OR METHYLS)  
292151 QUINAZOLIN?  
336910 PYRROLIDIN  
290558 METHANOL

L13 1 CHLORO (L) PYRIDIN? (L) YLMETHOXY (L) METHYL (L) QUINAZOLIN? (L) PYRROLIDIN (L) METHANOL

=> s ethoxy(l)pyrrolidin?(l)methyl(l)quinazolin?(l)yloxymethyl(l)benzonitrile

1348039 ETHOXY  
528275 PYRROLIDIN?  
15813450 METHYL  
95 METHYLS  
15813450 METHYL  
(METHYL OR METHYLS)  
292151 QUINAZOLIN?  
3048 YLOXYMETHYL  
71835 BENZONITRILE

L14 0 ETHOXY (L) PYRROLIDIN? (L) METHYL (L) QUINAZOLIN? (L) YLOXYMETHYL (L) BENZONITRILE

=> s isobutyl(l)methyl(l)pyrrolidin?(l)quinazolin?(l)amine

26119 ISOBUTYL  
2 ISOBUTYLS  
26119 ISOBUTYL  
(ISOBUTYL OR ISOBUTYLS)  
15813450 METHYL  
95 METHYLS  
15813450 METHYL  
(METHYL OR METHYLS)  
528275 PYRROLIDIN?

```

292151 QUINAZOLIN?
1523418 AMINE
1185 AMINES
1523418 AMINE
      (AMINE OR AMINES)
L15      1 ISOBUTYL (L) METHYL (L) PYRROLIDIN? (L) QUINAZOLIN? (L) AMINE

=> s methyl(1)pyrrolidin?(1)quinazolin?(1)pyridin?(1)amine?
15813450 METHYL
      95 METHYLS
15813450 METHYL
      (METHYL OR METHYLS)
      528275 PYRROLIDIN?
      292151 QUINAZOLIN?
      1842252 PYRIDIN?
      1523429 AMINE?
L16      41 METHYL (L) PYRROLIDIN? (L) QUINAZOLIN? (L) PYRIDIN? (L) AMINE?

=> s furan(1)carboxylic acid(1)methyl(1)pyrrolidin?(1)quinazolin?(1)amide
896047 FURAN
      3 FURANS
896047 FURAN
      (FURAN OR FURANS)
1871822 CARBOXYLIC
7387839 ACID
      8814 ACIDS
7394423 ACID
      (ACID OR ACIDS)
1861934 CARBOXYLIC ACID
      (CARBOXYLIC (W) ACID)
15813450 METHYL
      95 METHYLS
15813450 METHYL
      (METHYL OR METHYLS)
      528275 PYRROLIDIN?
      292151 QUINAZOLIN?
      3768134 AMIDE
      1053 AMIDES
      3768134 AMIDE
      (AMIDE OR AMIDES)
L17      1 FURAN (L) CARBOXYLIC ACID (L) METHYL (L) PYRROLIDIN? (L) QUINAZOLIN? (L) A
      MIDE

=> s ethoxy(1)pyrrolidin?(1)methyl(1)quinazolin?(1)pyridin?(1)amine
1348039 ETHOXY
      528275 PYRROLIDIN?
15813450 METHYL
      95 METHYLS
15813450 METHYL
      (METHYL OR METHYLS)
      292151 QUINAZOLIN?
      1842252 PYRIDIN?
      1523418 AMINE
      1185 AMINES
      1523418 AMINE
      (AMINE OR AMINES)
L18      9 ETHOXY (L) PYRROLIDIN? (L) METHYL (L) QUINAZOLIN? (L) PYRIDIN? (L) AMINE

=> s methoxy(1)pyrrolidin?(1)methyl(1)quinazolin?(1)pyridin?(1)amine
4233458 METHOXY

```

528275 PYRROLIDIN?  
 15813450 METHYL  
     95 METHYLS  
 15813450 METHYL  
     (METHYL OR METHYLS)  
 292151 QUINAZOLIN?  
 1842252 PYRIDIN?  
 1523418 AMINE  
     1185 AMINES  
 1523418 AMINE  
     (AMINE OR AMINES)

L19           14 METHOXY (L) PYRROLIDIN? (L) METHYL (L) QUINAZOLIN? (L) PYRIDIN? (L) AMINE

=> fil medl,biosis,embase,caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	299.13	487.06
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-2.92

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=> s methoxy(1)pyrrolidin?(1)methyl(1)quinazolin?(1)pyridin?(1)amine or l19  
 L20           1 FILE MEDLINE  
 L21           0 FILE BIOSIS  
 L22           1 FILE EMBASE  
 L23           8 FILE CAPLUS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L24           10 METHOXY (L) PYRROLIDIN? (L) METHYL (L) QUINAZOLIN? (L) PYRIDIN? (L)  
               AMINE OR L19

=> s ethoxy(1)pyrrolidin?(1)methyl(1)quinazolin?(1)pyridin?(1)amine or l18  
 L25           0 FILE MEDLINE  
 L26           0 FILE BIOSIS  
 L27           0 FILE EMBASE  
 L28           6 FILE CAPLUS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L29           6 ETHOXY (L) PYRROLIDIN? (L) METHYL (L) QUINAZOLIN? (L) PYRIDIN? (L)  
               AMINE OR L18

=> s furan(1)carboxylic acid(1)methyl(1)pyrrolidin?(1)quinazolin?(1)amide or l17  
 L30           0 FILE MEDLINE  
 L31           0 FILE BIOSIS  
 L32           0 FILE EMBASE  
 L33           1 FILE CAPLUS



TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L34 1 FURAN(L) CARBOXYLIC ACID(L) METHYL(L) PYRROLIDIN?(L) QUINAZOLIN?  
(L) AMIDE OR L17

=> s methyl(1)pyrrolidin?(1)quinazolin?(1)pyridin?(1)amine? or l16

L35 1 FILE MEDLINE  
L36 0 FILE BIOSIS  
L37 1 FILE EMBASE  
L38 14 FILE CAPLUS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L39 16 METHYL(L) PYRROLIDIN?(L) QUINAZOLIN?(L) PYRIDIN?(L) AMINE? OR  
L16

=> s isobutyl(1)methyl(1)pyrrolidin?(1)quinazolin?(1)amine or l15

L40 0 FILE MEDLINE  
L41 0 FILE BIOSIS  
L42 0 FILE EMBASE  
L43 1 FILE CAPLUS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L44 1 ISOBUTYL(L) METHYL(L) PYRROLIDIN?(L) QUINAZOLIN?(L) AMINE OR L15

=> s ethoxy(1)pyrrolidin?(1)methyl(1)quinazolin?(1)yloxymethyl(1)benzonitrile or l14

L45 0 FILE MEDLINE  
L46 0 FILE BIOSIS  
L47 0 FILE EMBASE  
L48 0 FILE CAPLUS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L49 0 ETHOXY(L) PYRROLIDIN?(L) METHYL(L) QUINAZOLIN?(L) YLOXYMETHYL(L)  
BENZONITRILE OR L14

=> s chloro(1)pyridin?(1)ylmethoxy(1)methyl(1)quinazolin?(1)pyrrolidin(1)methanol  
or l13

L50 0 FILE MEDLINE  
L51 0 FILE BIOSIS  
L52 0 FILE EMBASE  
L53 1 FILE CAPLUS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L54 1 CHLORO(L) PYRIDIN?(L) YLMETHOXY(L) METHYL(L) QUINAZOLIN?(L)  
PYRROLIDIN(L) METHANOL OR L13

=> s fluoro(1)pyridin?(1)ylmethoxy(1)methyl(1)pyrrolidin?(1)quinazoline? or l12

L55 0 FILE MEDLINE  
L56 0 FILE BIOSIS  
L57 0 FILE EMBASE  
L58 1 FILE CAPLUS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L59 1 FLUORO(L) PYRIDIN?(L) YLMETHOXY(L) METHYL(L) PYRROLIDIN?(L)  
QUINAZOLINE? OR L12

=> s chloro(1)pyridin?(1)ylmethoxy(1)methyl(1)pyrrolidin?(1)quinazoline? or l11

L60 0 FILE MEDLINE  
L61 0 FILE BIOSIS  
L62 0 FILE EMBASE  
L63 1 FILE CAPLUS

## TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L64 1 CHLORO(L) PYRIDIN?(L) YLMETHOXY(L) METHYL(L) PYRROLIDIN?(L)  
QUINAZOLINE? OR L11

=> s l24 or l29 or l34 or l39 or l44 or l54 or l59 or l64

L65 1 FILE MEDLINE  
L66 0 FILE BIOSIS  
L67 1 FILE EMBASE  
L68 14 FILE CAPLUS

## TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L69 16 L24 OR L29 OR L34 OR L39 OR L44 OR L54 OR L59 OR L64

=> s l69 not l8

L70 1 FILE MEDLINE  
L71 0 FILE BIOSIS  
L72 1 FILE EMBASE  
L73 13 FILE CAPLUS

## TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L74 15 L69 NOT L8

=> dup rem l74

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L74

L75 14 DUP REM L74 (1 DUPLICATE REMOVED)

=> d 1-14 ibib abs hitstr

L75 ANSWER 1 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1021616 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:326381

TITLE: Preparation of arylalkylamino-substituted quinazolines  
as type VR1 capsaicin receptor modulators

INVENTOR(S): Bakthavatchalam, Rajagopal; Chenard, Bertrand L.;  
Peterson, John M.; Steenstra, Cheryl K.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Neurogen Corporation, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 133 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

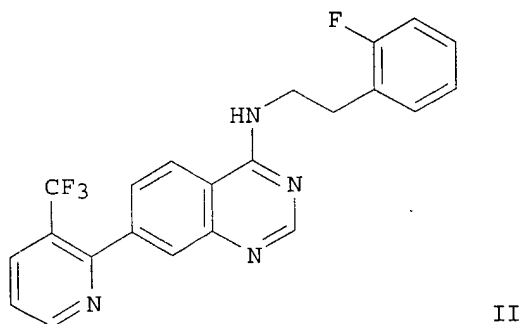
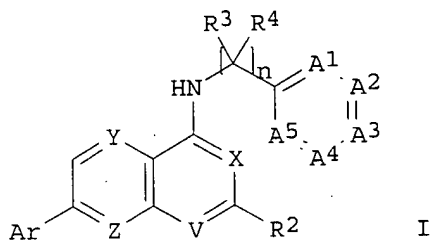
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005087227	A1	20050922	WO 2005-US6697	20050301
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  
GI

US 2004-550216P P 20040304



AB The title compds. I [V, X, Y and Z = N, CR1, such that at least one of V and X = N; R1 = H, halo, OH, etc.; R2 = halo, NO2, CN, etc.; n = 1-3; R3 = H, CN, alkyl, etc.; R4 = H, CN, alkyl; or R3 together with R4 forms an oxo group; or CR3R4 forms a 3-7 membered carbocycle or heterocycle; Ar = (un)substituted 5-10 membered carbocycle or heterocycle; A1 = N, CRa, or A1 is taken together with a R3 group to form an optionally substituted fused 5-7 membered carbocycle or heterocycle; A2-A5 = N, CRa; Ra = H, OH, halo, etc.] that are ligands that may be used to modulate specific receptor activity in vivo or in vitro, and are particularly useful in the treatment of conditions associated with pathol. receptor activation in humans, domesticated companion animals and livestock animals, were prepared Thus, reacting 4-chloro-7-(3-trifluoromethylpyridin-2-yl)quinazoline with 2-fluorophenethylamine afforded the quinazoline II. The compds. I were tested in various tests for evaluating the VR1 modulator activity (data given). Pharmaceutical compns. and methods for using the compds. I to treat condition responsive to capsaicin receptor modulation are provided, as are methods for using such ligands for receptor localization studies.

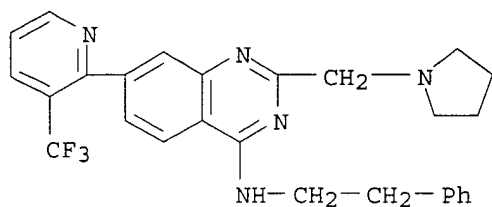
IT 865158-45-8P 865158-46-9P 865158-47-0P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of arylalkylamino-substituted quinazolines as type VR1 capsaicin receptor modulators)

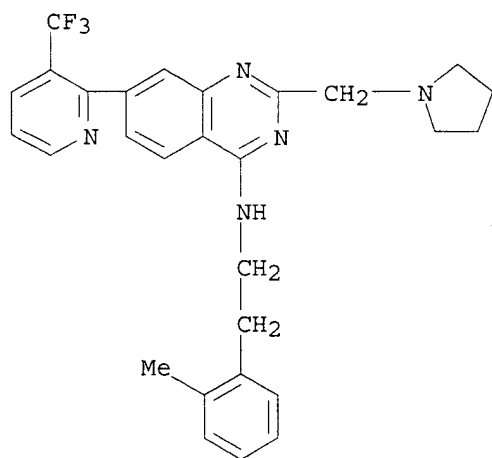
RN 865158-45-8 CAPLUS

CN 4-Quinazolinamine, N-(2-phenylethyl)-2-(1-pyrrolidinylmethyl)-7-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



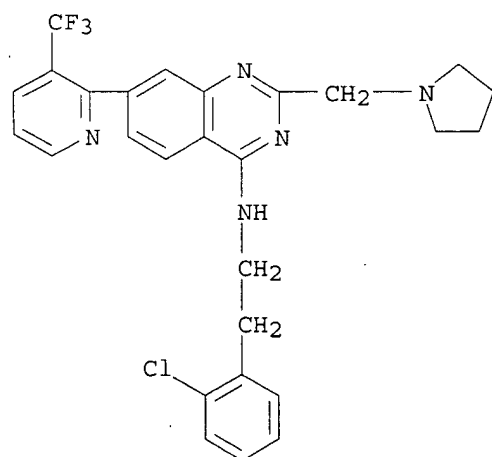
RN 865158-46-9 CAPLUS

CN 4-Quinazolinamine, N-[2-(2-methylphenyl)ethyl]-2-(1-pyrrolidinylmethyl)-7-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 865158-47-0 CAPLUS

CN 4-Quinazolinamine, N-[2-(2-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-2-(1-pyrrolidinylmethyl)-7-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT:

7

THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L75 ANSWER 2 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

Prepared by: Mary Hale @2-2507 Rem Bldg 1D86

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:260055 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:336380  
 TITLE: Preparation of quinazoline derivatives as EGFR tyrosine kinase inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): Bradbury, Robert Hugh; Hennequin, Laurent Francois  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Astrazeneca AB, Swed.; Astrazeneca UK Limited  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 203 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005026152	A1	20050324	WO 2004-GB3936	20040914
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GB 2003-21648 A 20030916  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:336380  
 GI

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB Title compds. I [R1 = H, OH, alkoxy, etc.; Y = H, halo, alkenyl, etc; m = 0-4; R2 independently = halo, alkyl, alkynyl, etc.; X1 = C(R3)2; X2 = bond O, S, SO2, etc.; Q2 = (un)substituted-aryl, -heteroaryl; R3 = H, alkyl; Q1 = 4-, 5-, 6-, or 7-membered (un)saturated nitrogen heterocycle containing optionally 1 or 2 addnl. heteroatoms selected from O, S, and N, and which ring is linked to X1 via ring carbon; X3 = -(CR4R5)p-(Q3)n-(CR6R7)q-; n = 0-1; p = 0-4; q = 0-4; R4, R5, R6, R7 independently = H, alkyl; Q3 = cycloalkylene, cycloalkenylene; Z = OH, amino, alkanesulfonylamino, etc.; ] and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, are prepared and disclosed as useful for the treatment of certain cancers. Thus, e.g., II was prepared by amination of 4-chloro-5-fluoroquinazoline (preparation given) with 3-chloro-4-(2-pyridylmethoxy)aniline followed by substitution with R-prolinol and carbonylation with glycolic acid. The activity of I was evaluated in different inhibition assays directed at inhibiting phosphorylation, cell proliferation, and in vivo tumor growth and revealed that all compds. of the invention possessed IC50 values of 0.001-5  $\mu$ M or activity in the range of 1-200 mg/kg/day. I as tyrosine kinase inhibitors should prove useful in the treatment of diseases such as certain cancers mediated by erbB receptor tyrosine kinases, particularly EGFR tyrosine kinase.

IT 848482-46-2P 848482-48-4P 848482-80-4P  
 848482-84-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT

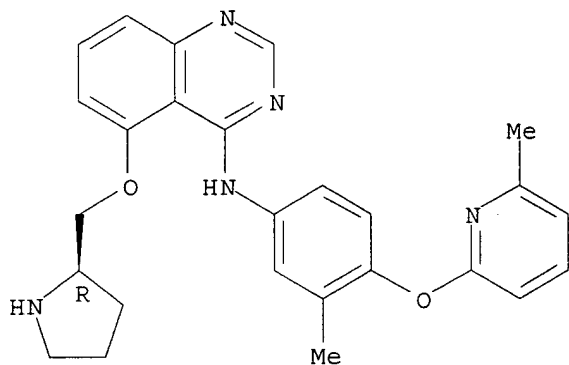
(Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of quinazoline derivs. as inhibitors of EGFR tyrosine kinase)

RN 848482-46-2 CAPLUS

CN 4-Quinazolinamine, N-[3-methyl-4-[(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)oxy]phenyl]-5-  
[(2R)-2-pyrrolidinylmethoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

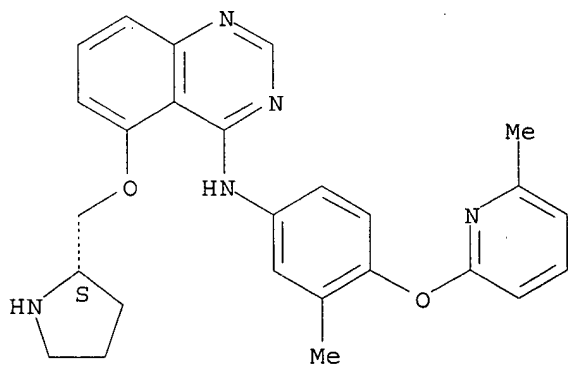
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 848482-48-4 CAPLUS

CN 4-Quinazolinamine, N-[3-methyl-4-[(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)oxy]phenyl]-5-  
[(2S)-2-pyrrolidinylmethoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

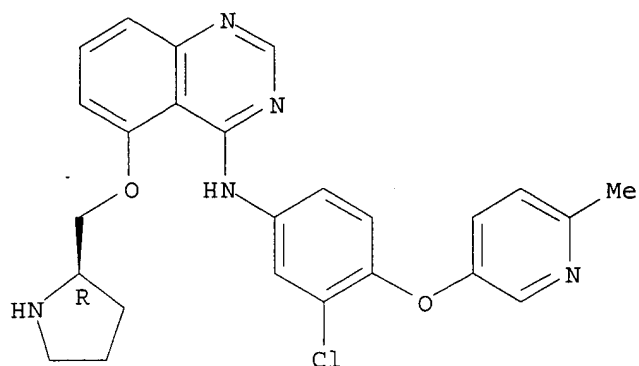
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 848482-80-4 CAPLUS

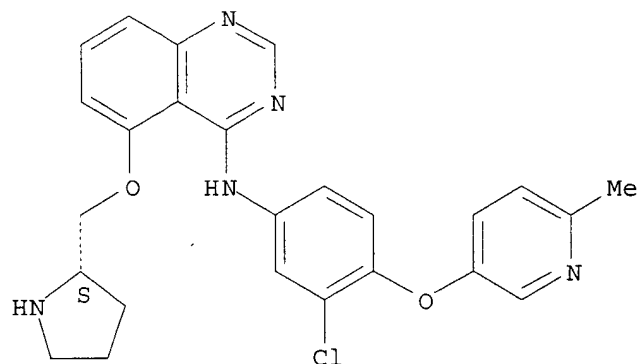
CN 4-Quinazolinamine, N-[3-chloro-4-[(6-methyl-3-pyridinyl)oxy]phenyl]-5-  
[(2R)-2-pyrrolidinylmethoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 848482-84-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 4-Quinazolinamine, N-[3-chloro-4-[(6-methyl-3-pyridinyl)oxy]phenyl]-5-[(2S)-2-pyrrolidinylmethoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

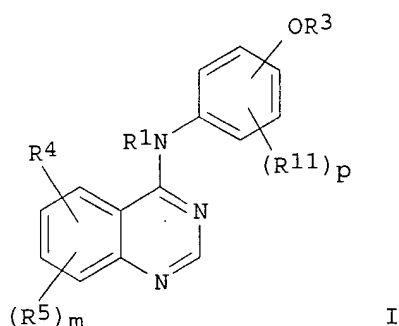
L75 ANSWER 3 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:411065 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:441833  
 TITLE: Selective erbb2 inhibitor/anti-erbb antibody combinations in the treatment of cancer  
 INVENTOR(S): Connell, Richard D.; Denis, Louis J.; Jani, Jitesh P.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pfizer Inc, USA  
 SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 46 pp.  
 CODEN: USXXCO  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005101618	A1	20050512	US 2004-982996	20041104
WO 2005044302	A1	20050519	WO 2004-IB3551	20041027

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,

GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2003-517636P P 20031106  
 US 2004-549600P P 20040303  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:441833  
 GI



AB This invention relates to a method of treatment of cancer with a combination of an erbB2 ligand with formula I (where m = 0, 1, 2, 3; p = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4; R1 = H, C1-6 alkyl; R2 = H, C1-6 alkyl; R3 = 4 to 10 membered heterocyclic groups; R4 = alkynyl, etc.; R5 = halo, OH, etc.; R11 = halo, cyano, etc.) and an antibody, in mammals. More particularly, this invention relates to a method of treating cancer by administering an erbB2 ligand in combination with an erbB antibody. This invention also relates to a kit useful in the treatment of abnormal cell growth in mammals, especially humans.

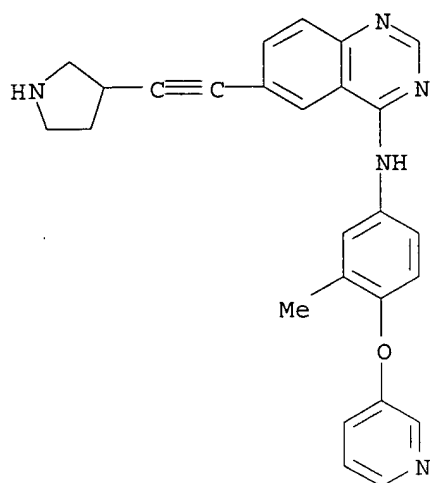
IT 383433-01-0P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (selective erbb2 inhibitor/anti-erbb antibody combinations in treatment of cancer)

RN 383433-01-0 CAPLUS

CN 4-Quinazolinamine, N-[3-methyl-4-(3-pyridinyloxy)phenyl]-6-(3-pyrrolidinylethynyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





L75 ANSWER 4 OF 14 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 1  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005316548 MEDLINE  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 15833897  
 TITLE: Dopamine agonist-induced yawning in rats: a dopamine D3 receptor-mediated behavior.  
 AUTHOR: Collins Gregory T; Witkin Jeffrey M; Newman Amy H; Svensson Kjell A; Grundt Peter; Cao Jianjing; Woods James H  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pharmacology, 1301 MSRB III, University of Michigan Medical School, Ann Arbor, MI 48109-0632, USA.  
 CONTRACT NUMBER: DA 00254 (NIDA)  
 DA 09161 (NIDA)  
 SOURCE: Journal of pharmacology and experimental therapeutics, (2005 Jul) 314 (1) 310-9. Electronic Publication: 2005-04-15.  
 Journal code: 0376362. ISSN: 0022-3565.  
 PUB. COUNTRY: United States  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals  
 ENTRY MONTH: 200508  
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20050621  
 Last Updated on STN: 20050827  
 Entered Medline: 20050826

AB A specific role for the dopamine D3 receptor in behavior has yet to be elucidated. We now report that dopamine D2/D3 agonists elicit dose-dependent yawning behavior in rats, resulting in an inverted U-shaped dose-response curve. A series of experiments was directed toward the hypothesis that the induction of yawning is a D3 receptor-mediated effect, whereas the inhibition of the yawning observed at higher doses is due to competing D2 receptor activity. We compared several dopaminergic agonists with a range of in vitro D3 selectivity, including PD-128,907 [(S)-(+)-(4aR, 10bR)-3,4,4a,10b-tetrahydro-4-propyl-2H,5H-[1]benzopyrano-[4,3-b]-1,4-oxazin-9-ol HCl], PD-128,908 [(R)-(-)-(4aS,10bS)-3,4,4a,10b-tetrahydro-4-propyl-2H,5H-[1]benzopyrano-[4,3-b]-1,4-oxazin-9-ol HCl], quinelorane [(5aR-trans)-5,5a,6,7,8, 9,9a,10-octahydro-6-propylpyrido[2,3-g]quinazolin-2-amine dihydrochloride], pramipexole (N'-propyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzothiazole-2,6-diamine), 7-OH-DPAT [(+/-)-7-hydroxy-2-dipropylaminotetralin HBr], quinpirole [trans-(-)-(4aR)-4,4a,5,6,7,8, 8a,9-octahydro-5-propyl-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-

g]quinoline HCl], bromocriptine [(+)-2-bromo-12'-hydroxy-2'-(1-methylethyl)-5'-(2-methylpropyl) ergotaman-3',6'-18-trione methanesulfonate], and apomorphine [(R)-(-)-5,6,6a,7-tetrahydro-6-methyl-4H-dibenzo-[de,g]quinoline-10,11-diol HCl] with respect to their ability to induce yawning in rats. A series of D2/D3 antagonists differing in selectivity for D3 over D2 receptors were evaluated for their ability to alter the effects of the dopamine agonists. The antagonists L-741,626 (3-[4-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxypiperidin-1-yl]methyl-1H-indole), haloperidol (4-[4-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-piperidinyl]-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-butanone HCl), nafadotride (N-[(1-butyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl]-4-cyano-1-methoxy-2-naphthalenecarboxamide), U99194 (2,3-dihydro-5,6-dimethoxy-N,N-dipropyl-1H-inden-2-amine maleate), SB-277011A (trans-N-[4-[2-(6-cyano-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl)ethyl]cyclohexyl]-4-quinolinecarboxamide), and PG01037 (N-{4-[4-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-trans-but-2-enyl}-4-pyridine-2-yl-benzamide HCl) were used to determine effects on dose-response curves for D2/D3 agonist-induced yawning. In addition, the potential contribution of cholinergic and/or serotonergic mechanisms to the yawning response was investigated using a series of pharmacological tools including scopolamine [(a,S)-a-(hydroxymethyl)benzeneacetic acid (1a,2b,4b,5a,7b)-9-methyl-3-oxa-9-azatricyclo[3.3.1.0<sup>2,4</sup>]-non-7-yl ester hydrobromide], mianserin (1,2,3,4,10,14b-hexahydro-2-methyldibenzo[c,f]pyrazino[1,2-a]azepine HCl), and the D3-preferring antagonists nafadotride, U99194, SB-277011A, and PG01037 to differentially modulate yawning induced by PD-128,907, physostigmine [(3aS)-cis-1,2,3,3a,8,8a-hexahydro-1,3a,8-trimethylpyrrolo[2,3-b]indol-5-ol methylcarbamate hemisulfate], and N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]piperazine HCl. The results of these experiments provide convergent evidence that dopamine D2/D3 agonist-induced yawning is a D3 agonist-mediated behavior, with subsequent inhibition of yawning being driven by competing D2 agonist activity. Thus, dopamine agonist-induced yawning may represent an in vivo method for selectively identifying D3 and D2 receptor-mediated activities.

L75 ANSWER 5 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:780693 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:296042  
 TITLE: Preparation of quinazolines non-receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitors as antitumor agents  
 INVENTOR(S): Barlaam, Bernard  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): AstraZeneca AB, Swed.; AstraZeneca UK Limited  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 90 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004081000	A1	20040923	WO 2004-GB942	20040305
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI,			

SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN,  
TD, TG

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

EP 2003-290581

A 20030310

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 141:296042

GI

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB Title quinazolines I [wherein Z = O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NR<sub>2</sub>, CR<sub>2</sub>R<sub>3</sub>; R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub> = independently H, alkyl; m = 1-3; R<sub>1</sub> = independently halo, CF<sub>3</sub>, CN, NC, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, SH, NH<sub>2</sub>, CHO, CO<sub>2</sub>H, carbamoyl, sulfamoyl, alk(en/yn)yl, etc.; R<sub>a</sub> = H, halo; R<sub>b</sub>, R<sub>c</sub> = independently H, halo, alkyl, alkoxy; R<sub>d</sub> = alkoxy; or their pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof] were prepared as non-receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitors. For example, 4-chloro-7-(2-chloroethoxy)-6-methoxyquinazoline (preparation given) was coupled with 2-amino-3-chloro-6-methoxypyridine using sodium hexamethyldisilazane in DMF to give II. Selected I inhibited the phosphorylation of a tyrosine containing polypeptide substrate by human recombinant c-Src kinase (IC<sub>50</sub> in the range of 0.001-0.5 μM), suppressed the proliferation of mouse 3T3 fibroblast cells stably-transfected with an activating mutant of human c-Src (IC<sub>50</sub> in the range of 0.1-5 μM), and inhibited the migration of the human tumor cell line A549 (IC<sub>50</sub> in the range of 0.1-5 M). In addition, no physiological unacceptable toxicity was observed at the ED for compds. tested in an in vivo A549 xenograft growth assay using athymic nude mice. Thus, I and pharmaceutical compns. containing them are useful as anti-invasive agents in the containment and/or treatment of solid tumor disease.

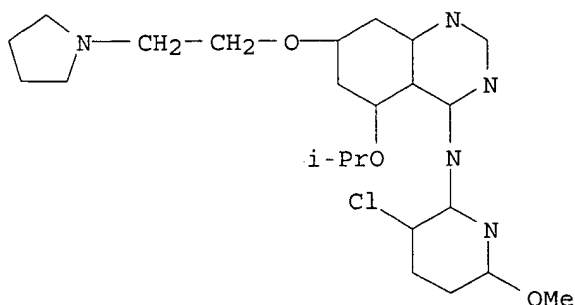
IT 763123-88-2P, 4-[(3-Chloro-6-methoxypyridin-2-yl)amino]-5-isopropoxy-7-[2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethoxy]quinazoline 763123-93-9P, 4-[(3-Chloro-6-methoxypyridin-2-yl)amino]-5-isopropoxy-7-[3-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)propoxy]quinazoline

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(antitumor agent; preparation of quinazolines c-Src kinase inhibitors as antitumor agents)

RN 763123-88-2 CAPLUS

CN 4-Quinazolinamine, N-(3-chloro-6-methoxy-2-pyridinyl)-5-(1-methylethoxy)-7-[2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)ethoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

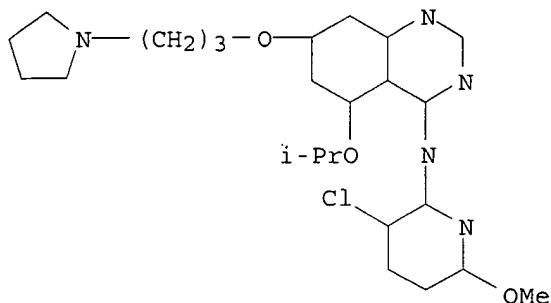


ONE OR MORE TAUTOMERIC DOUBLE BONDS NOT DISPLAYED IN THE STRUCTURE

RN 763123-93-9 CAPLUS

CN 4-Quinazolinamine, N-(3-chloro-6-methoxy-2-pyridinyl)-5-(1-methylethoxy)-7-

[3-(1-pyrrolidinyl)propoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ONE OR MORE TAUTOMERIC DOUBLE BONDS NOT DISPLAYED IN THE STRUCTURE

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L75 ANSWER 6 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:633933 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:174181

TITLE: Preparation of quinolines, quinazolines and  
thienopyrimidines as ALK-5 receptor ligands for the  
treatment of kidney fibrosis

INVENTOR(S): Dodic, Nerina; Gellibert, Francoise Jeanne; Hunter,  
Robert Neil, III

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Smithkline Beecham Corporation, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 50 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

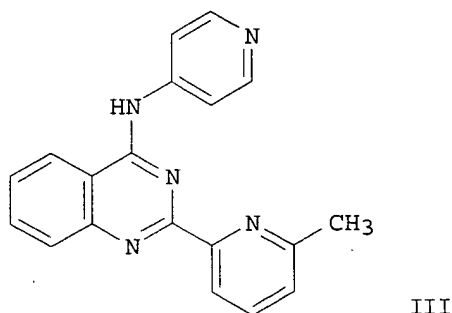
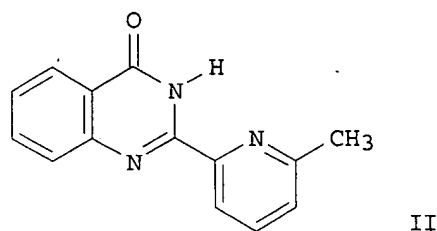
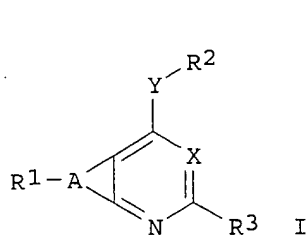
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004065392	A1	20040805	WO 2004-EP650	20040126
WO 2004065392	C1	20041007		

W: AE, AE, AG, AL, AL, AM, AM, AM, AT, AT, AU, AZ, AZ, BA, BB, BG,  
BG, BR, BR, BW, BY, BY, BZ, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CN, CO, CO, CR, CR,  
CU, CU, CZ, CZ, DE, DE, DK, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EC, EE, EE, EG, ES,  
ES, FI, FI, GB, GD, GE, GE, GH, GM, HR, HR, HU, HU, ID, IL, IN,  
IS, JP, JP, KE, KE, KG, KG, KP, KP, KR, KR, KZ, KZ, KZ, LC,  
LK, LR, LS, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MX,  
MZ, MZ, NA, NI

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GB 2003-1719 A 20030124  
GB 2003-8706 A 20030415  
GB 2003-15519 A 20030702

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:174181

GI



AB Condensed pyridines and pyrimidines (quinolines, quinazolines and thienopyrimidines) of formula I [X is N or CH; Y is -NR- or -NHCH<sub>2</sub>-; R is alkyl; A is a fused 5-7 membered carbocyclic or N/O/S-heterocyclic ring with one or more R<sub>1</sub> groups; R<sub>1</sub> is H, halo, NO<sub>2</sub>, alkyl, OR, CONR<sub>4</sub>R<sub>5</sub>, O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NR<sub>4</sub>R<sub>5</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NR<sub>4</sub>R<sub>5</sub>, or NR<sub>4</sub>R<sub>5</sub>; R<sub>2</sub> is certain N-containing heterocyclic rings; R<sub>3</sub> is pyridin-2-yl, C1-6alkyl-pyridin-2-yl, -pyrrol-2-yl or -thiazol-2-yl; R<sub>4</sub> is H or alkyl; R<sub>5</sub> is alkyl; NR<sub>4</sub>R<sub>5</sub> can be 3-7 membered (un)saturated N/O/S-heterocycle] and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, solvates or derivs. were synthesized. Thus, 2-aminobenzamide was coupled with 6-methyl-2-pyridinecarboxylic acid in the presence of EDCI/HOBT followed by cyclocondensation mediated by NaOH to give quinazolinone II. Chlorination of II with POCl<sub>3</sub> and subsequent substitution of the resulting chloride with 4-aminopyridine afforded quinazoline III. These compds. are inhibitors of the transforming growth factor TGF-β, especially of activin-like kinase ALK-5 receptor, and are used in the treatment and prevention of various disease states mediated by ALK-5 kinase mechanisms such as kidney fibrosis. All the final products showed ALK5 receptor modulator activity with IC<sub>50</sub> of 1-200 nM (16 nM for III) and TGF-β cellular activity with IC<sub>50</sub> of 0.001-10 μM (82 nM for III). The role of ALK5 inhibitors for the treatment of photoaging was also demonstrated exptl.

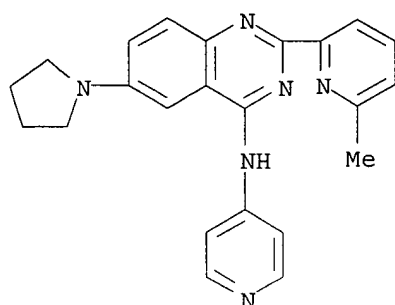
IT 733806-97-8P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(drug candidate; preparation of quinolines, quinazolines and thienopyrimidines as ALK-5 receptor ligands for the treatment of, e.g., kidney fibrosis)

RN 733806-97-8 CAPLUS

CN 4-Quinazolinamine, 2-(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)-N-4-pyridinyl-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L75 ANSWER 7 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:546501 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:106486

TITLE: Preparation of 4-(pyridin-4-ylamino)quinazolines as antitumor agents

INVENTOR(S): Barlaam, Bernard

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Astrazeneca AB, Swed.; Astrazeneca UK Limited

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 87 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004056812	A1	20040708	WO 2003-GB5534	20031218
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: EP 2002-293220 A 20021223

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:106486

GI

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB Quinazolines I [Z = O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, (un)substituted NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>; m = 1, 2 3; R<sub>1</sub> = halogen, CF<sub>3</sub>, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, (un)substituted OH, SH, NH<sub>2</sub>, CHO, CO<sub>2</sub>H, CONH<sub>2</sub>, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>; R<sub>2</sub> = H, halogen; R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>5</sub> = H, halogen, alkyl, alkoxy; R<sub>4</sub> = alkoxy] were prepared for use as an anti-invasive agent in the containment and/or treatment of solid tumor disease (no data). Thus, 5-chloro-2-methoxypyridine was converted to its N-oxide, nitrated to 5-chloro-2-methoxy-4-nitropyridine and reduced to the amine which was

treated with the 4-chloroquinazoline fragment to give the quinazoline II. The chloroquinazoline fragment was prepared by treating 5,7-difluoro-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-4-one with 4-tetrahydropyranol followed by 1-(2-hydroxyethyl)piperazine and acetylation.

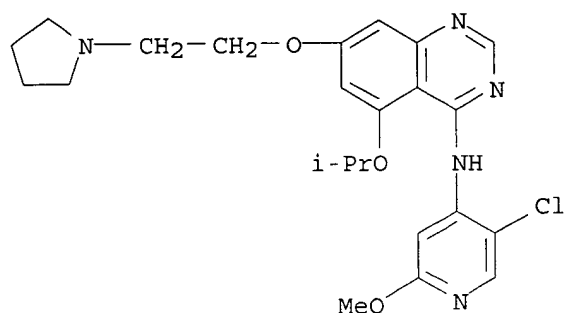
IT 719305-08-5P 719305-13-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of 4-(pyridin-4-ylamino)quinazolines as antitumor agents)

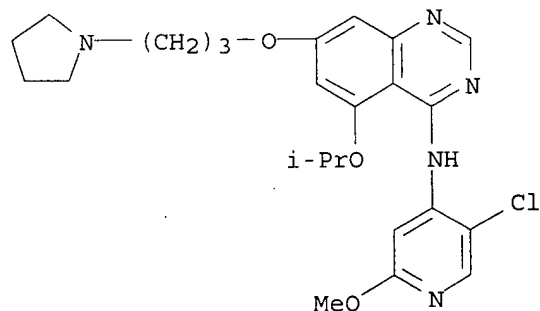
RN 719305-08-5 CAPLUS

CN 4-Quinazolinamine, N-(5-chloro-2-methoxy-4-pyridinyl)-5-(1-methylethoxy)-7-[2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)ethoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 719305-13-2 CAPLUS

CN 4-Quinazolinamine, N-(5-chloro-2-methoxy-4-pyridinyl)-5-(1-methylethoxy)-7-[3-(1-pyrrolidinyl)propoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L75 ANSWER 8 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:546495 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:106483

TITLE: Preparation of quinazoline derivatives as antitumor agents

INVENTOR(S): Barlaam, Bernard

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Astrazeneca AB, Swed.; Astrazeneca UK Limited

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 85 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

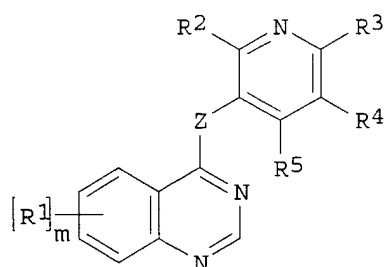
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004056801	A1	20040708	WO 2003-GB5540	20031218
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			EP 2002-293221	A 20021223
OTHER SOURCE(S):			MARPAT 141:106483	
GI				



I

AB The title compds. I [Z = O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NR<sub>2</sub>, CR<sub>2</sub>R<sub>3</sub> (wherein R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub> = H, alkyl); m = 1-3; R<sub>1</sub> = halo, alkyl, alkoxy, etc.; R<sub>2</sub> = H, halo; R<sub>3</sub> = H, halo, alkyl, alkoxy; R<sub>4</sub> = alkoxy; R<sub>5</sub> = H, halo, alkyl, alkoxy; or pharmaceutically-acceptable salts thereof], useful as an anti-invasive agent in the containment and/or treatment of solid tumor disease, were prepared E.g., a multi-step synthesis of 7-(2-chloroethoxy)-4-(2-chloro-5-methoxypyridin-3-ylamino)-6-methoxyquinazoline, was given. The exemplified compds. I were evaluated in four biol. tests. For example, they showed IC<sub>50</sub> of 0.001-0.5 μM in in vitro assay for inhibiting phosphorylation of a tyrosine containing polypeptide substrate by the enzyme c-Src kinase. The pharmaceutical composition comprising the compound I is claimed.

IT 720666-36-4P 720666-41-1P

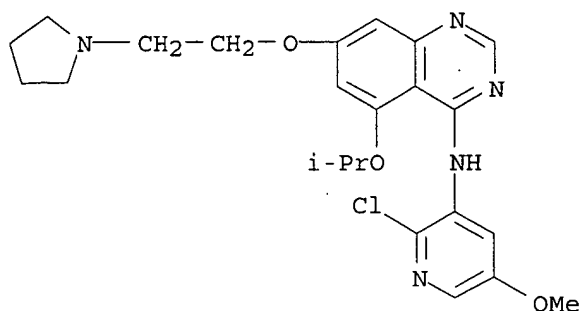
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of quinazoline derivs. as antitumor agents)

RN 720666-36-4 CAPLUS

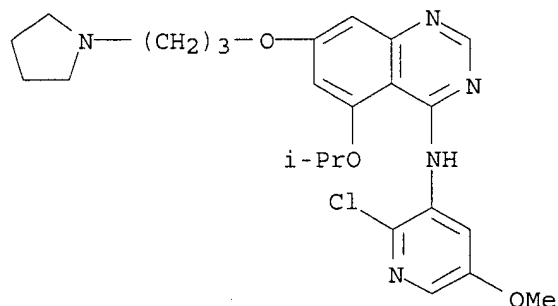
CN 4-Quinazolinamine, N-(2-chloro-5-methoxy-3-pyridinyl)-5-(1-methylethoxy)-7-[2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)ethoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





RN 720666-41-1 CAPLUS

CN 4-Quinazolinamine, N-(2-chloro-5-methoxy-3-pyridinyl)-5-(1-methylethoxy)-7-[3-(1-pyrrolidinyl)propoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L75 ANSWER 9 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:534191 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:89100

TITLE: Preparation of (quinazolin-4-yl)amines as capsaicin receptor modulators

INVENTOR(S): Bakthavatchalam, Rajagopal; Blum, Charles A.; Brielmann, Harry; Caldwell, Timothy M.; De Lombaert, Stephane; Hodgetts, Kevin J.; Zheng, Xiaozhang

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Neurogen Corporation, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 226 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004055003	A1	20040701	WO 2003-US39606	20031212
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				

RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

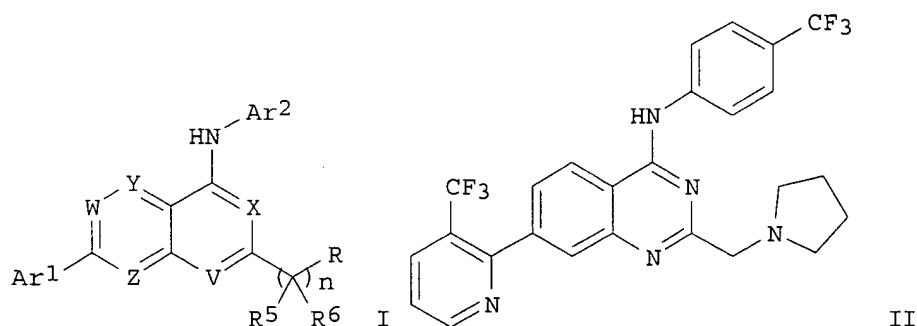
CA 2509233 AA 20040701 CA 2003-2509233 20031212  
US 2004156869 A1 20040812 US 2003-735607 20031212  
EP 1569925 A1 20050907 EP 2003-813410 20031212

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-433139P P 20021213  
WO 2003-US39606 W 20031212

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:89100

GI



AB Title compds. I [wherein V, W, X, Y, and Z = independently N, CR1, with the proviso that at least one of V and X = N; R = OR7, NR3R4; R1 = independently H, halo, OH, CN, NH2, (halo)alkyl, (halo)alkoxy, alkoxy, carbonyl, (di)alkylamino; R3 and R4 = independently H, (un)substituted (aryl)alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkanoyl, etc.; or R3 or R4 taken together with R5 or R6 forms an (un)substituted heterocycle; or NR3R4 = heterocyclyl; R5 and R6 = independently H, (un)substituted alkyl; or CR5R6 = CO; R7 = H, (aryl)alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkanoyl, etc.; or R7 taken together with R5 or R6 forms an (un)substituted heterocycle; n = 1-3; Ar1 and Ar2 = independently (un)substituted aryl, heterocyclyl; and pharmaceutically acceptable forms thereof] were prepared as modulators of capsaicin receptors, especially the vanilloid receptor 1 (VR1). For example, a solution of [2-(chloromethyl)-7-(3-trifluoromethylpyridin-2-yl)quinazolin-4-yl](4-trifluoromethylphenyl)amine•HCl and pyrrolidine was heated to 100° for 1 h to give II. In competition binding assays, invention compds. exhibited  $K_i \leq 1 \mu\text{M}$  for VR1 expressed in human embryonic kidney (HEK293) cells. Thus, I and their pharmaceutical compns. are useful for treating disorders associated with pathol. receptor activation, such as pain, in humans, domesticated companion animals, and livestock animals (no data).

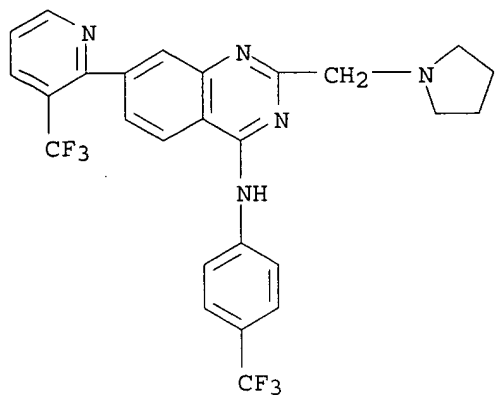
IT 573680-38-3P 573681-61-5P 573683-59-7P  
573685-18-4P 573686-42-7P 573688-13-8P  
573688-67-2P 573688-69-4P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(VR1 inhibitor; preparation of (quinazolin-4-yl)amines as VR1 inhibitors for treatment of pain and other VR1-mediated conditions)

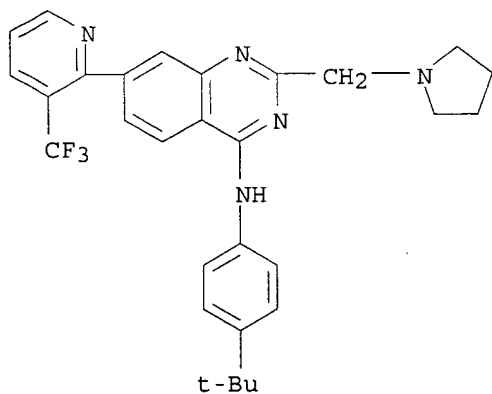
RN 573680-38-3 CAPLUS

CN 4-Quinazolinamine, 2-(1-pyrrolidinymethyl)-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-7-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



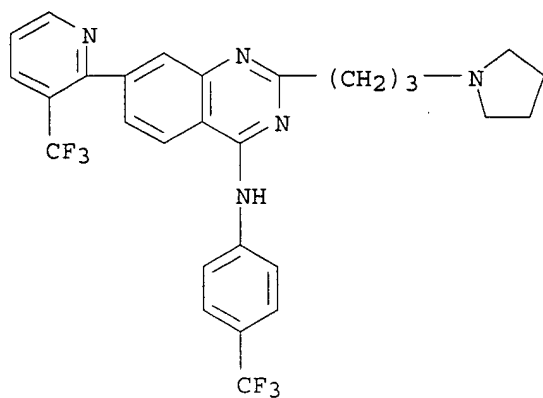
RN 573681-61-5 CAPLUS

CN 4-Quinazolinamine, N-[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]-2-(1-pyrrolidinymethyl)-7-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



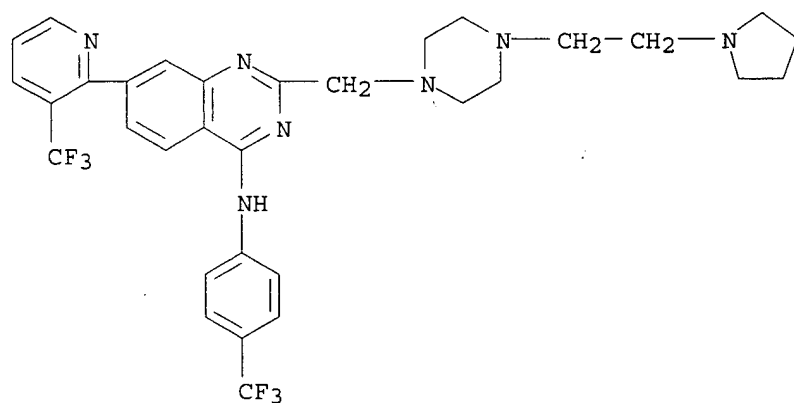
RN 573683-59-7 CAPLUS

CN 4-Quinazolinamine, 2-[3-(1-pyrrolidinyl)propyl]-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-7-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



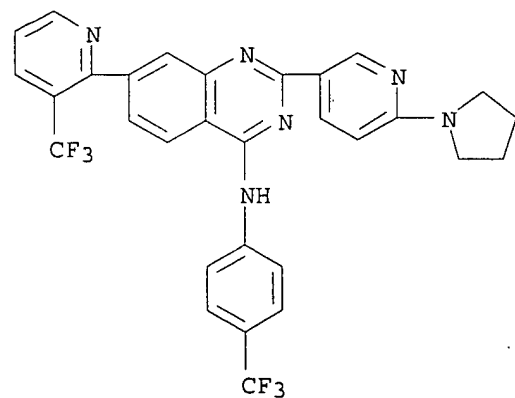
RN 573685-18-4 CAPLUS

CN 4-Quinazolinamine, 2-[[4-[2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)ethyl]-1-piperazinyl]methyl]-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-7-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

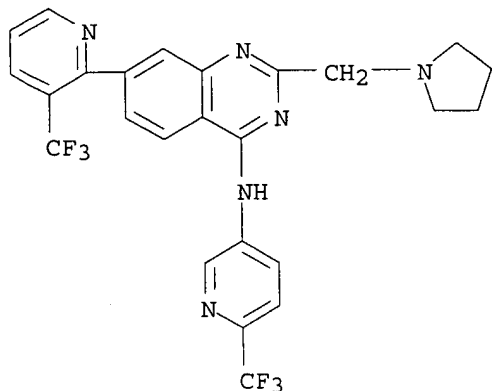


RN 573686-42-7 CAPLUS

CN 4-Quinazolinamine, 2-[6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-3-pyridinyl]-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-7-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

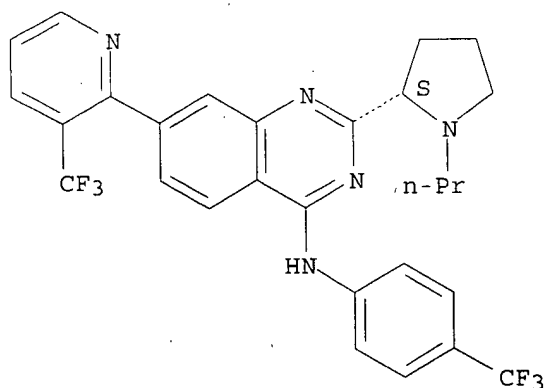


RN 573688-13-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 4-Quinazolinamine, 2-(1-pyrrolidinylmethyl)-7-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]-N-[6-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pyridinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



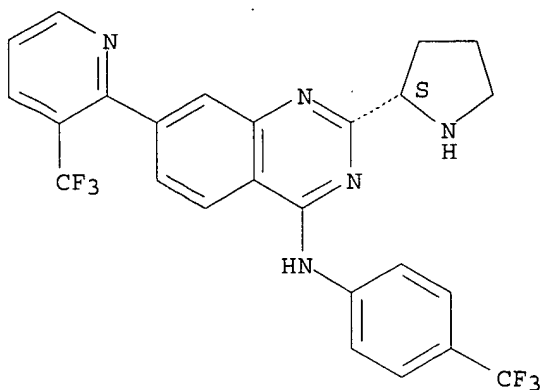
RN 573688-67-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 4-Quinazolinamine, 2-[(2S)-1-propyl-2-pyrrolidinyl]-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-7-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 573688-69-4 CAPLUS  
 CN 4-Quinazolinamine, 2-(2S)-2-pyrrolidinyl-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-7-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L75 ANSWER 10 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:515487 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:71555

TITLE: Preparation of nitrogen-containing heterocyclic compounds as CXCR4 regulators

INVENTOR(S): Habashita, Hiromu; Kokubo, Masaya; Shibayama, Shiro; Tada, Hideaki; Tanihiro, Tatsuya

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ono Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 641 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

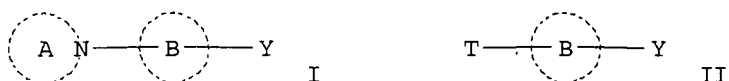
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004052862	A1	20040624	WO 2003-JP15718	20031209
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
EP 1571146	A1	20050907	EP 2003-778753	20031209
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-357446	A 20021210
			JP 2003-162706	A 20030606
			WO 2003-JP15718	W 20031209
OTHER SOURCE(S):			MARPAT 141:71555	
GI				



AB Compds. such as pyrimidine and quinazoline derivs. represented by the following general formulas (I) and (II), salts thereof, N-oxides thereof, solvates thereof or prodrugs of the same (wherein the ring A represents an optionally substituted nitrogen-containing heterocycle; the ring B represents an optionally substituted homocycle or an optionally substituted heterocycle; Y represents an optionally substituted hydrocarbyl group, an optionally substituted heterocyclic group, an optionally protected amino group, an optionally protected hydroxyl group or an optionally protected mercapto group; and T represents the ring A or an optionally substituted amino group) are prepared. These compds. are CXCR4 regulators, in particular CXCR4 antagonists, and useful as preventives and/or remedies for various inflammatory diseases, immune diseases, various allergic diseases, infectious diseases, acquired immunodeficiency syndrome, infection with human immunodeficiency virus, psychiatric disorder, neurol. disease, cerebral diseases, cardiovascular diseases, metabolic diseases, or cancer, and agents for regeneration therapy, in particular transplant therapy. An assay system using SDF-1 which is an endogenous ligand of CXCR4 receptor, instead of HIV, was used in an assay for screening compds. which inhibit the binding of HIV to CXCR4 or CCR4 receptors on CD4-pos. cells. All the compds. prepared showed IC<sub>50</sub> of 10  $\mu$ M for inhibiting the binding of [<sup>125</sup>I]human SDF-1 to CEM cells, more specifically 0.1  $\mu$ M for 2-(1-benzylpyrrolidin-3-ylamino)-4-(perhydroazepin-1-yl)pyrimidine. An ampule and tablet formulation containing 2-[[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]amino]-4-(perhydroazepin-1-yl)pyrimidine were described.

IT 710998-73-5P 710998-77-9P 710999-09-0P

711000-03-2P 711000-04-3P

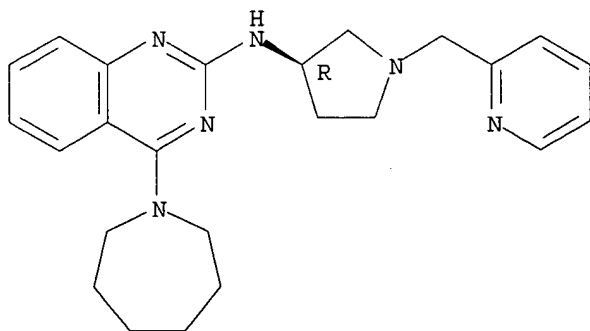
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of nitrogen-containing heterocyclic compds. as CXCR4 antagonists for preparation and/treatment of diseases)

RN 710998-73-5 CAPLUS

CN 2-Quinazolinamine, 4-(hexahydro-1H-azepin-1-yl)-N-[(3R)-1-(2-pyridinylmethyl)-3-pyrrolidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

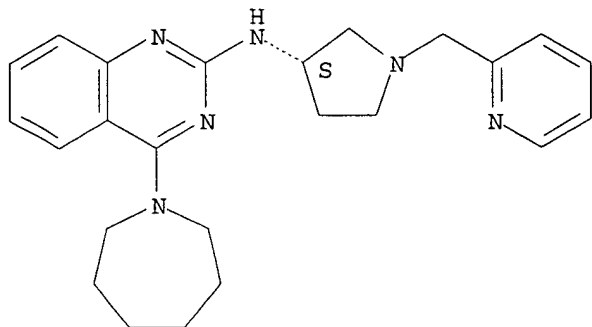
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 710998-77-9 CAPLUS

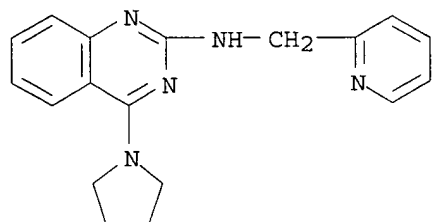
CN 2-Quinazolinamine, 4-(hexahydro-1H-azepin-1-yl)-N-[(3S)-1-(2-pyridinylmethyl)-3-pyrrolidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 710999-09-0 CAPLUS

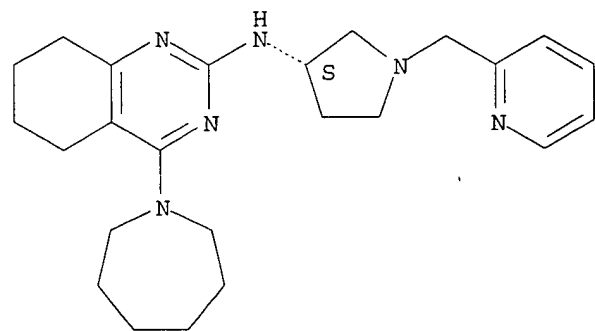
CN 2-Quinazolinamine, N-(2-pyridinylmethyl)-4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 711000-03-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Quinazolinamine, 4-(hexahydro-1H-azepin-1-yl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-N-[(3S)-1-(2-pyridinylmethyl)-3-pyrrolidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

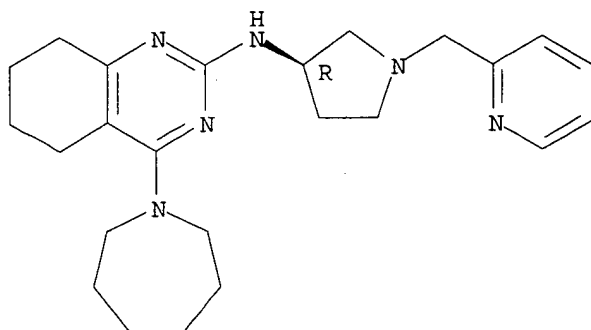


RN 711000-04-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Quinazolinamine, 4-(hexahydro-1H-azepin-1-yl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-N-[(3R)-1-(2-pyridinylmethyl)-3-pyrrolidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.





L75 ANSWER 11 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:430753 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:1220

TITLE: Preparation of quinazolines as Src family non-receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitors for use in combination therapy with gemcitabine for treatment and prophylaxis of pancreatic cancer

INVENTOR(S): Barge, Alan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Astrazeneca AB, Swed.; Astrazeneca UK Limited

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 75 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

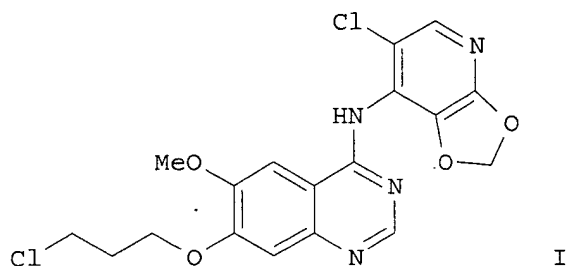
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004043472	A1	20040527	WO 2003-GB4787	20031107
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2504666	AA	20040527	CA 2003-2504666	20031107
EP 1562612	A1	20050817	EP 2003-772404	20031107
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
BR 2003016170	A	20050927	BR 2003-16170	20031107
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 2002-26434	A 20021113
			WO 2003-GB4787	W 20031107

GI



AB The invention concerns a combination comprising an inhibitor of Src kinase and the cytotoxic agent, gemcitabine, a pharmaceutical composition comprising such a combination, and its use in the treatment or prophylaxis of cancer, particularly of pancreatic cancer. Examples include preps. for anilino- and (pyridylamino)quinazoline Src inhibitors (no Markush structure given) and bioassays demonstrating the synergistic effect of treating pancreatic cancer with a quinazoline Src inhibitor in combination with gemcitabine. For instance, 4-amino-5-chloro-2,3-methylenedioxyphenylpyridine was coupled with 4-chloro-7-(3-chloropropoxy)-6-methoxyquinazoline (preparation of reactants given) in the presence of sodium hexamethyldisilazane in THF to afford the (pyridylamino)quinazoline I. Nude mice were injected with pancreatic tumor cells derived from the COLO 357 human pancreatic cancer cell line and treated with gemcitabine, the Src inhibitor, 4-(2-chloro-5-methoxyanilino)-6-methoxy-7-(N-methylpiperidin-4-ylmethoxy)quinazoline, or a combination of the two. Evaluation for tumor growth and incidence of liver metastases showed that, compared with the weight of control tumors, tumor growth in animals treated with the combination was much reduced (1359 mg and 124 mg, resp.) to a level well below that achievable on the dosing of either gemcitabine or the Src inhibitor alone. In addition, there was no liver metastasis in the animals treated with the combination, whereas liver metastasis was present in 1/5 of the animals treated with gemcitabine alone.

IT **692055-41-7P**, 5-Isopropoxy-7-[2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethoxy]-4-[(5-chloro-2,3-methylenedioxyphenyl)amino]quinazoline

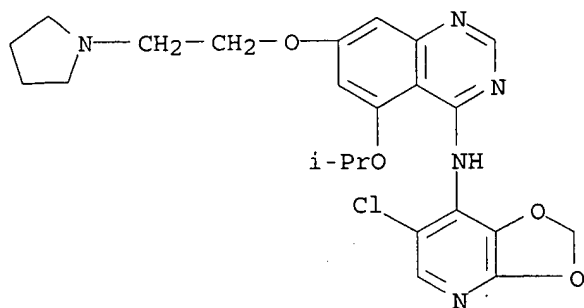
**692055-66-6P**

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(antitumor agent; preparation of quinazoline-containing Src inhibitors for use in synergistic combination with gemcitabine for treatment and prophylaxis of pancreatic cancer)

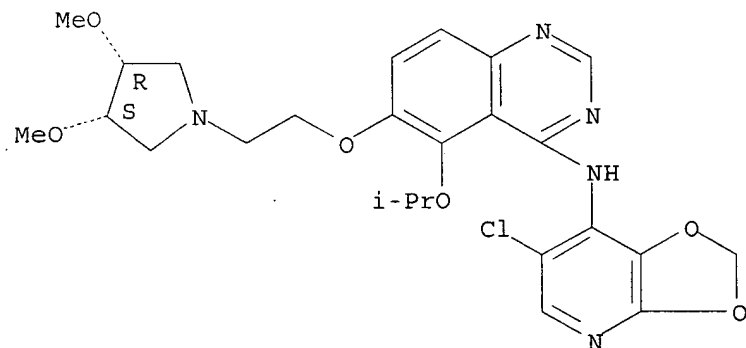
RN 692055-41-7 CAPLUS

CN 4-Quinazolinamine, N-(6-chloro-1,3-dioxolo[4,5-b]pyridin-7-yl)-5-(1-methylethoxy)-7-[2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)ethoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 692055-66-6 CAPLUS  
 CN 4-Quinazolinamine, N-(6-chloro-1,3-dioxolo[4,5-b]pyridin-7-yl)-6-[2-[(3R,4S)-3,4-dimethoxy-1-pyrrolidinyl]ethoxy]-5-(1-methylethoxy)-, rel-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L75 ANSWER 12 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:414727 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:423698  
 TITLE: Preparation of quinazoline derivatives as c-Src tyrosine kinase inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): Ple, Patrick  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Astrazeneca Ab, Swed.; Astrazeneca Uk Limited  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 124 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004041829	A1	20040521	WO 2003-GB4703	20031029
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ,				

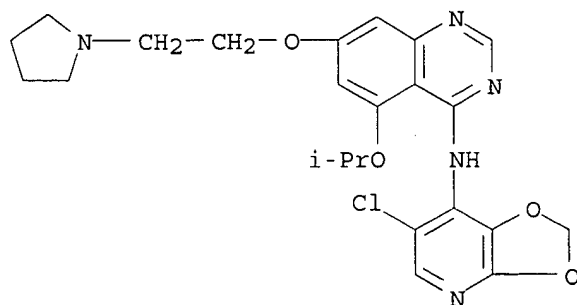
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 FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,  
 BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
 CA 2503371 AA 20040521 CA 2003-2503371 20031029  
 EP 1562955 A1 20050817 EP 2003-769689 20031029  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK  
 BR 2003015756 A 20050906 BR 2003-15756 20031029  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: EP 2002-292736 A 20021104  
 EP 2003-290900 A 20030410  
 WO 2003-GB4703 W 20031029  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:423698  
 GI

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB The title compds. I [R1 = halo, CF3, cyano, isocyano, NO3, OH, SH, amino, formyl, carboxy, carbamoyl, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkoxy, etc.; Z = O, SO, SO2, N(R2)2, or C(R2)2; R2 = H or alkyl; m = 0-3; R3 = halo, CF3, CN, NO2, OH, amino, carboxy, carbamoyl, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkoxy, etc.; n = 0-3] were prepared as c-Src tyrosine kinase inhibitors in the containment and/or treatment of solid tumor disease. For example, reaction of 4-amino-5-chloro-2,3-methylenedioxypyridine (preparation given) and 4-chloro-7-(3-chloropropoxy)-6-methoxyquinazoline (preparation given) yielded compound II.

IT 692055-41-7P 692055-66-6P  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (preparation of quinazoline derivs. as c-Src tyrosine kinase inhibitors)

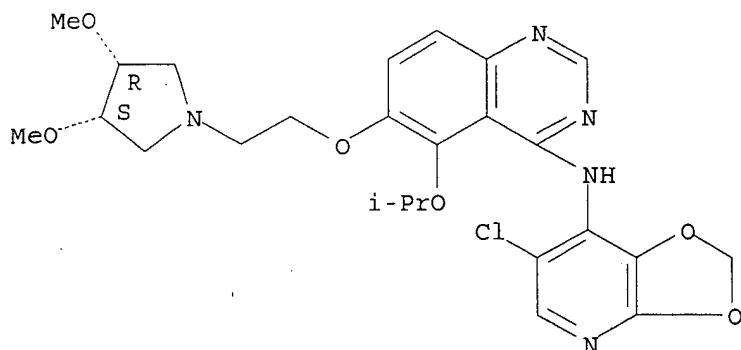
RN 692055-41-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 4-Quinazolinamine, N-(6-chloro-1,3-dioxolo[4,5-b]pyridin-7-yl)-5-(1-methylethoxy)-7-[2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)ethoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 692055-66-6 CAPLUS  
 CN 4-Quinazolinamine, N-(6-chloro-1,3-dioxolo[4,5-b]pyridin-7-yl)-6-[2-[(3R,4S)-3,4-dimethoxy-1-pyrrolidinyl]ethoxy]-5-(1-methylethoxy)-, rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

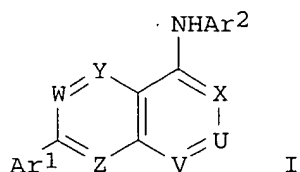
Prepared by: Mary Hale @2-2507 Rem Bldg 1D86



L75 ANSWER 13 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:591156 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:149640  
 TITLE: Preparation of substituted quinazolin-4-ylamine  
 analogs as VR1 capsaicin receptor antagonists for  
 relieving pain  
 INVENTOR(S): Bakthavatchatam, Rajagopal; Blum, Charles A.;  
 Brielmann, Harry L.; Caldwell, Timothy M.; De  
 Lombaert, Stephane  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Neurogen Corporation, USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 294 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003062209	A2	20030731	WO 2003-US1563	20030117
WO 2003062209	A3	20030904		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2473796	AA	20030731	CA 2003-2473796	20030117
BR 2003006982	A	20041026	BR 2003-6982	20030117
EP 1471910	A2	20041103	EP 2003-703887	20030117
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
JP 2005526714	T2	20050908	JP 2003-562090	20030117
US 2004106616	A1	20040603	US 2003-347210	20030121
NO 2004003411	A	20040924	NO 2004-3411	20040816
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-349920P	P 20020117
			US 2002-350527P	P 20020122
			WO 2003-US1563	W 20030117
OTHER SOURCE(S):		MARPAT 139:149640		

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AB Substituted quinazolin-4-ylamine analogs (shown as I; variables defined below; e.g. (4-trifluoromethylphenyl)[7-(2-trifluoromethylphenyl)quinazolin-4-yl]amine) are provided. Such compds. are ligands that may be used to modulate VR1 capsaicin receptor activity in vivo or in vitro (no data), and are particularly useful in the treatment of conditions associated with pathol. receptor activation in humans, domesticated companion animals and livestock animals. Pharmaceutical compns. and methods for using them to treat such disorders are provided, as are methods for using such ligands for receptor localization studies. For I; V, X, W, Y and Z are each independently N or CR1, with the proviso that at least one of V and X is N; U is N or CR2, with the proviso that if V and X are N, then U is CR2; R1 = H, halogen, hydroxy, amino, C1-C8 alkyl, haloC1-C8alkyl, C1-C8alkoxy, haloC1-C8alkoxy and mono- and di(C1-C8alkyl)amino. R2 = (i) H, halogen, cyano, or -COOH; (ii) C1-C8alkanoyl, C2-C8alkanone, or C1-C8carbamate, each of which is (un)substituted with 1-9 substituents = Rb, or (iii) -Rc-M-A-Ry, wherein: Rc is C0-C3alkyl; M is a bond, N(Rz), O, S, SO2, (C:O)pN(Rz), N(Rz)(C:O)p, SO2N(Rz), or N(Rz)SO2, wherein p is 0 or 1; A is a bond or C1-C8alkyl, (un)substituted with 1-3 Rb. Ry and Rz, if present, are: (a) independently H, C1-C8alkyl, C2-C8alkenyl, C2-C8alkynyl, C6-C10arylC1-C8alkyl, C2-C8alkyl ether, C1-C8alkoxy, a 4- to 10-membered carbocycle or heterocycle, or joined to R1 to form a 4- to 10-membered carbocycle or heterocycle, wherein each Ry and Rz = (un)substituted with 1-9 Rb; or (b) joined to form a 4- to 10-membered carbocycle or heterocycle that is (un)substituted with 1-9 Rb; Ar2 is a 5- to 7-membered aromatic heterocycle, (un)substituted with 1-3 LRA. Ar1 is a 5- to 10-membered aromatic carbocycle or heterocycle, (un)substituted with 1-3 LRA; L = bond, -O-, -C(O)-, -OC(O)-, -C(O)O-, -O-C(O)O-, -S(O)m-, -NRx-, -C(O)NHRx-, -NHRxC(O)-, -NRxS(O)m-, -S(O)mNRx- and -N[S(O)mRx]S(O)m-; wherein m = 0, 1 and 2; and Rx = H and C1-C8alkyl; Ra = (i) H, halogen, cyano and nitro; and (ii) C1-C8alkyl, C2-C8alkenyl, C2-C8alkynyl, C2-C8alkyl ether, 3- to 10-membered heterocycles, mono- and di(C1-C8alkyl)amino and (3- to 10-membered heterocycle)C1-C6 alkyl, each of which is (un)substituted with 1-9 Rb. Rb = hydroxy, halogen, amino, aminocarbonyl, amido, cyano, nitro, C1-C8alkyl, C1-C8alkoxy, C1-C8alkylthio, C1-C8alkyl ether, hydroxyC1-C8alkyl, haloC1-C8alkyl, Ph, phenyl(C1-C8alkyl), mono and di(C1-C6 alkyl)amino, (SO2)C1-C8alkyl, 5- to 7-membered heterocycle and (5- to 7-membered heterocycle)(C1-C8alkyl). Although the methods of preparation are not claimed, many example preps. and characterization data for >500 examples of I are included.

IT 573676-82-1P, [4-[(Pyrrolidin-1-yl)sulfonyl]phenyl][7-(3-trifluoromethylpyridin-2-yl)quinazolin-4-yl]amine 573676-84-3P, [4-[(3-Dimethylaminopyrrolidin-1-yl)sulfonyl]phenyl][7-(3-trifluoromethylpyridin-2-yl)quinazolin-4-yl]amine 573676-96-7P, [4-[(2-Methylpyrrolidin-1-yl)sulfonyl]phenyl][7-(3-trifluoromethylpyridin-2-yl)quinazolin-4-yl]amine 573676-98-9P, [4-[(2,5-Dimethylpyrrolidin-1-yl)sulfonyl]phenyl][7-(3-trifluoromethylpyridin-2-yl)quinazolin-4-yl]amine 573677-02-8P, [4-[(2S)-2-Methoxymethylpyrrolidin-1-yl)sulfonyl]phenyl][7-(3-trifluoromethylpyridin-

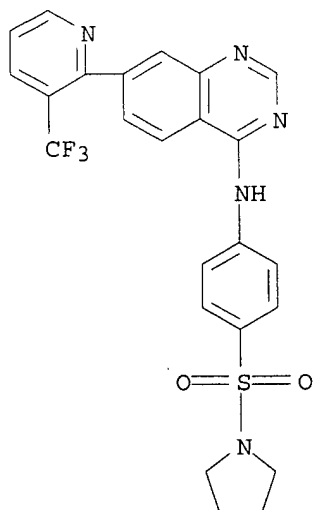
2-yl)quinazolin-4-yl]amine **573677-04-0P**, [4-(((2R)-2-Methoxymethylpyrrolidin-1-yl)sulfonyl)phenyl][7-(3-trifluoromethylpyridin-2-yl)quinazolin-4-yl]amine **573680-38-3P**, [2-Pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl-7-(3-trifluoromethylpyridin-2-yl)quinazolin-4-yl](4-trifluoromethylphenyl)amine **573680-84-9P**, [2-[2-(Pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl]-7-(3-trifluoromethylpyridin-2-yl)quinazolin-4-yl](4-trifluoromethylphenyl)amine **573681-61-5P**, (4-tert-Butylphenyl)[2-(pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)-7-(3-trifluoromethylpyridin-2-yl)quinazolin-4-yl]amine **573683-59-7P**, [2-[3-(Pyrrolidin-1-yl)propyl]-7-(3-trifluoromethylpyridin-2-yl)quinazolin-4-yl](4-trifluoromethylphenyl)amine **573685-18-4P**, [2-[[4-[2-(Pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl]piperazin-1-yl]methyl]-7-(3-trifluoromethylpyridin-2-yl)quinazolin-4-yl](4-trifluoromethylphenyl)amine **573686-42-7P**, [2-[6-(Pyrrolidin-1-yl)pyridin-3-yl]-7-(3-trifluoromethylpyridin-2-yl)quinazolin-4-yl](4-trifluoromethylphenyl)amine **573688-13-8P**, [2-Pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl-7-(3-trifluoromethylpyridin-2-yl)quinazolin-4-yl](6-trifluoromethylpyridin-3-yl)amine **573688-67-2P**, [2-((S)-1-Propylpyrrolidin-2-yl)-7-(3-trifluoromethylpyridin-2-yl)quinazolin-4-yl](4-trifluoromethylphenyl)amine **573688-69-4P**, [2-((S)-Pyrrolidin-2-yl)-7-(3-trifluoromethylpyridin-2-yl)quinazolin-4-yl](4-trifluoromethylphenyl)amine

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(drug candidate and receptor detector; preparation of substituted quinazolin-4-ylamine analogs as VR1 capsaicin receptor antagonists for relieving pain and for detecting receptors)

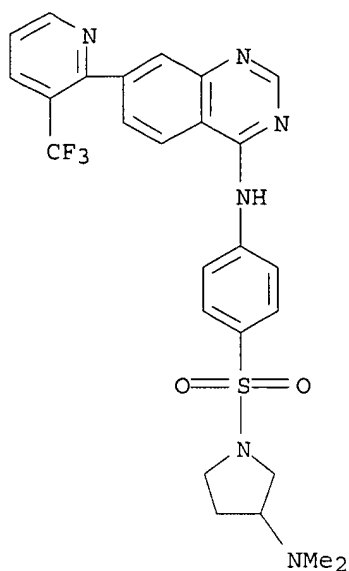
RN 573676-82-1 CAPLUS

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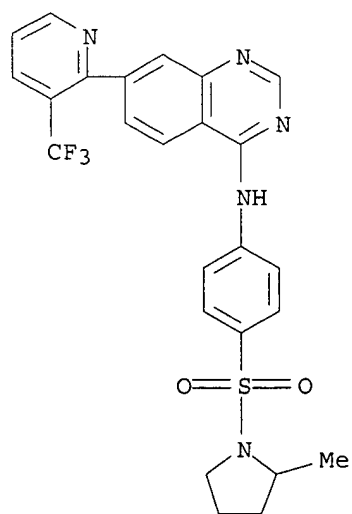
RN 573676-84-3 CAPLUS

CN 3-Pyrrolidinamine, N,N-dimethyl-1-[[4-[[7-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]-4-quinazolinyl]amino]phenyl]sulfonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 573676-96-7 CAPLUS

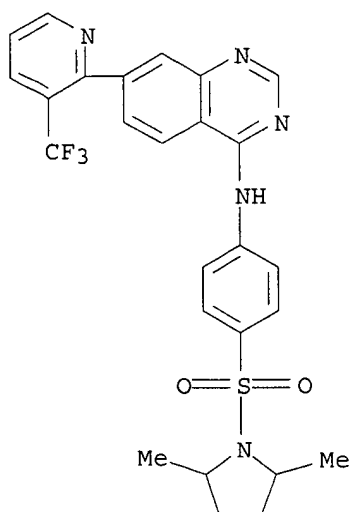
CN Pyrrolidine, 2-methyl-1-[[4-[[7-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]-4-quinazolinyl]amino]phenyl]sulfonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 573676-98-9 CAPLUS

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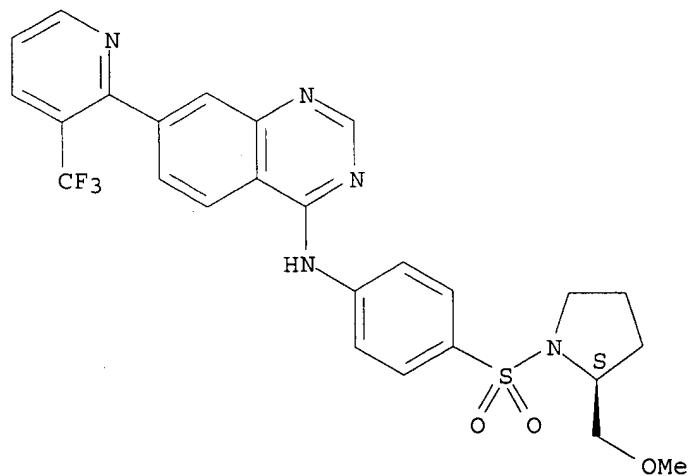




RN 573677-02-8 CAPLUS

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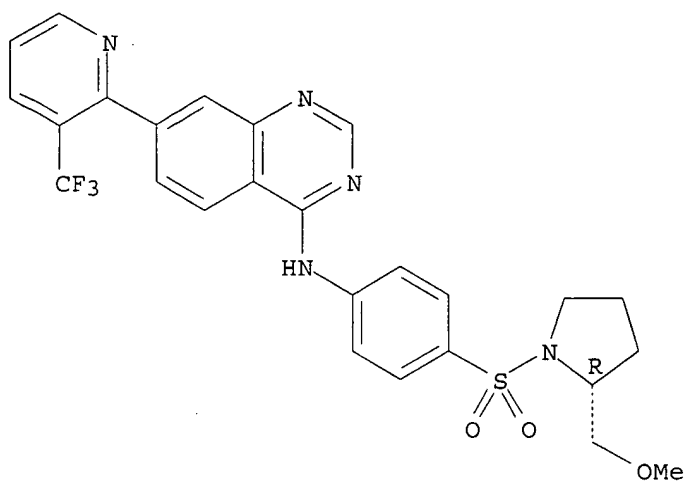
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 573677-04-0 CAPLUS

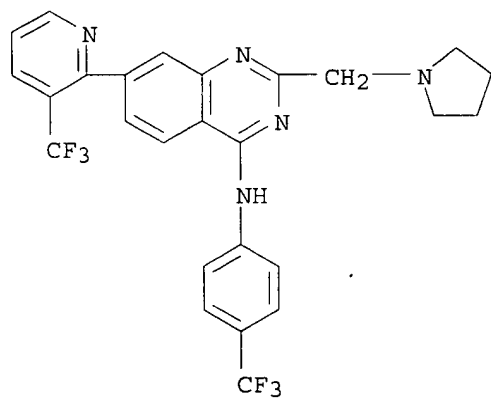
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Absolute stereochemistry.



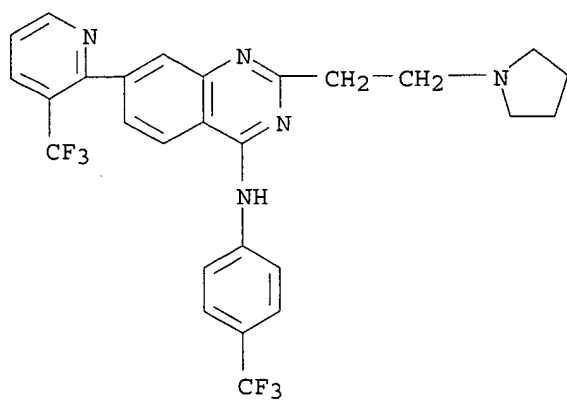
RN 573680-38-3 CAPLUS

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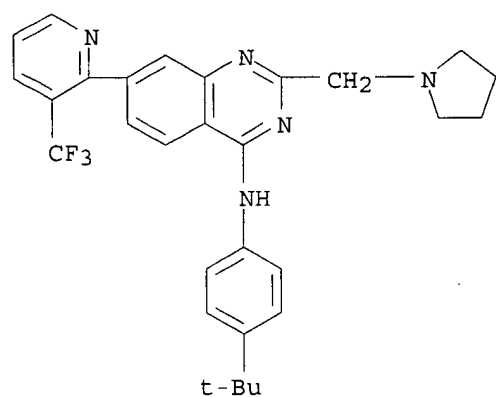


RN 573680-84-9 CAPLUS

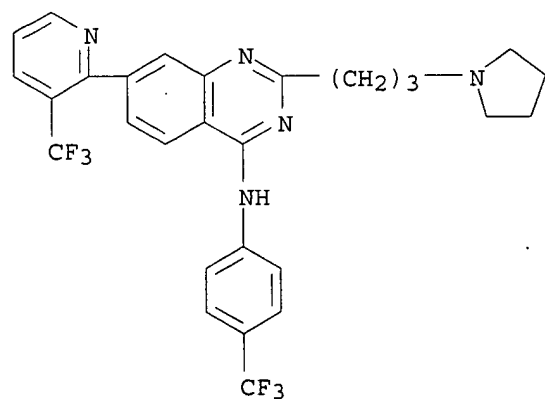
CN 4-Quinazolinamine, 2-[2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)ethyl]-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-7-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 573681-61-5 CAPLUS  
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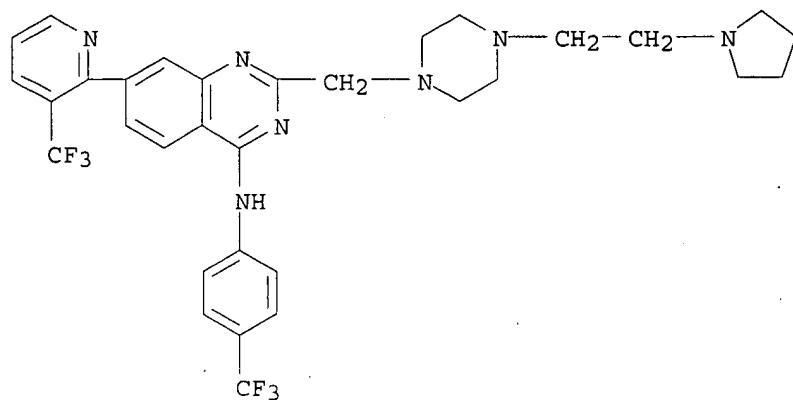


RN 573683-59-7 CAPLUS  
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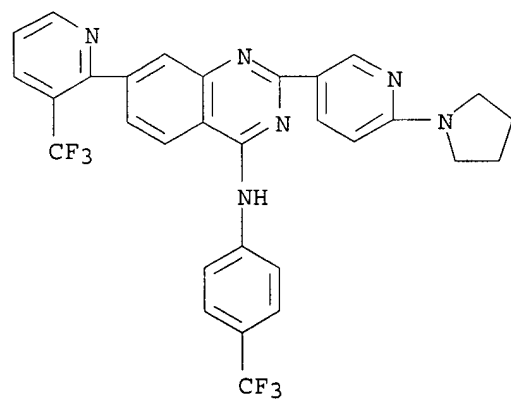
RN 573685-18-4 CAPLUS

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(CA INDEX NAME)



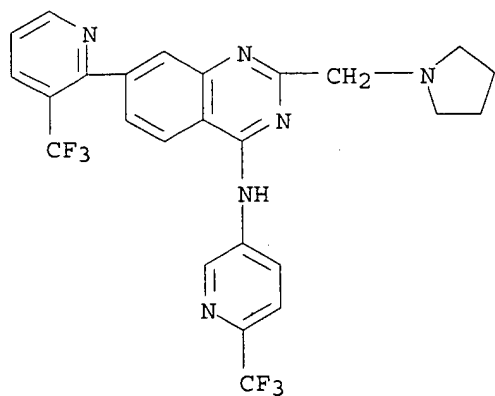
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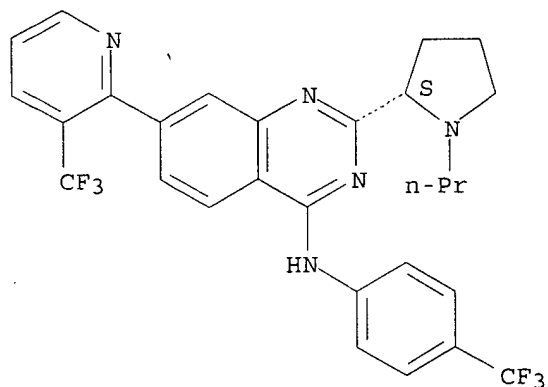
RN 573688-13-8 CAPLUS

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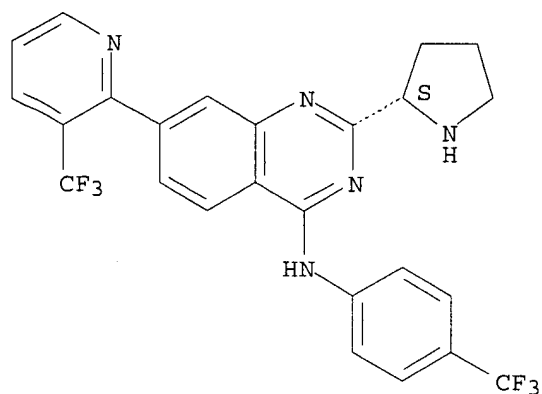
RN 573688-67-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 4-Quinazolinamine, 2-[(2S)-1-propyl-2-pyrrolidinyl]-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-7-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 573688-69-4 CAPLUS  
 CN 4-Quinazolinamine, 2-(2S)-2-pyrrolidinyl-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-7-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L75 ANSWER 14 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:935582 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:69816

TITLE: Preparation of substituted 4-quinazolinamines for the treatment of abnormal cell growth

INVENTOR(S): Kath, John Charles; Bhattacharya, Samit Kumar; Morris, Joel

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pfizer Products Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 84 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

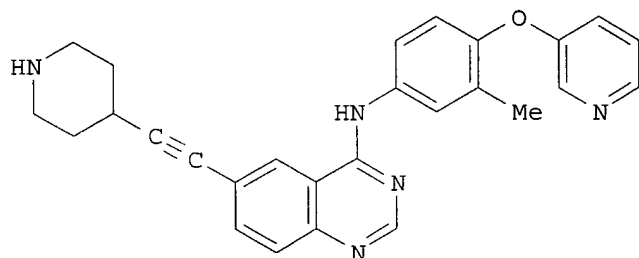
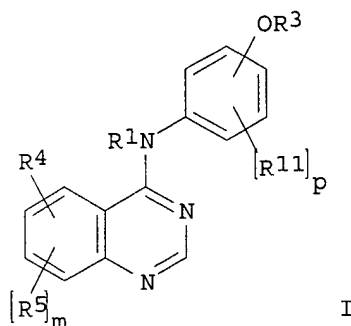
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001098277	A2	20011227	WO 2001-IB1046	20010614
WO 2001098277	A3	20020613		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2413424	AA	20011227	CA 2001-2413424	20010614
EP 1292591	A2	20030319	EP 2001-938484	20010614
EP 1292591	B1	20050202		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
BR 2001011548	A	20030506	BR 2001-11548	20010614
JP 2004501139	T2	20040115	JP 2002-504233	20010614
EE 200200710	A	20040615	EE 2002-710	20010614
NZ 522568	A	20041224	NZ 2001-522568	20010614
AT 288431	E	20050215	AT 2001-938484	20010614
PT 1292591	T	20050630	PT 2001-938484	20010614
ES 2236240	T3	20050716	ES 2001-1938484	20010614
US 2002169165	A1	20021114	US 2001-883752	20010618
US 6890924	B2	20050510		

BG 107269	A	20030630	BG 2002-107269	20021112
ZA 2002010231	A	20040212	ZA 2002-10231	20021218
NO 2002006166	A	20021220	NO 2002-6166	20021220
US 2005159435	A1	20050721	US 2005-79648	20050314
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2000-213136P	P 20000622
			WO 2001-IB1046	W 20010614
			US 2001-883752	A3 20010618
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT 136:69816			
GI				



AB The title compds. [I; m = 0-3; p = 0-4; R1, R2 = H, alkyl; R3 = (CR1R2)t(4-10 membered heterocycle); t = 0-5; R4 = piperidin-4-ylethynyl, 3-(morpholin-4-yl)propenyl, 3-substituted-prop-1-ynyl, etc.; R5 = halo, OH, alkyl, etc.; R11 = halo, CN, NO2, etc.] and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, useful for treating abnormal cell growth in mammals, were prepared. Thus, alkylating 4-ethynylpiperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-Bu ester with 4-chloro-6-iodoquinazoline followed by reacting the resulting 4-(4-chloroquinazolin-6-ylethynyl)-piperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert Bu ester with 3-methyl-4-(pyridin-3-yloxy)-phenylamine afforded II. The exemplified compds. I have IC50 of < 10  $\mu$ M against erbB2 kinase.

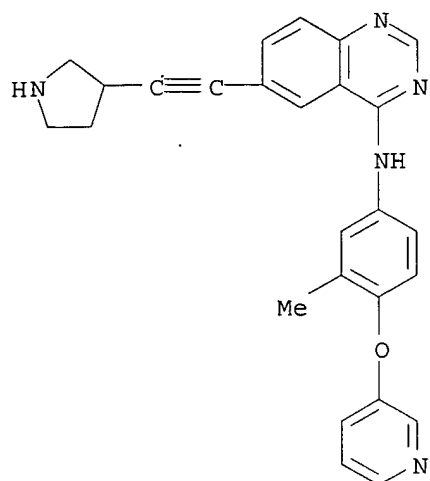
IT 383433-01-0P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of substituted 4-quinazolinamines for the treatment of abnormal cell growth)

RN 383433-01-0 CAPLUS

CN 4-Quinazolinamine, N-[3-methyl-4-(3-pyridinyloxy)phenyl]-6-(3-pyrrolidinylethynyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



=> s mattei p?/au;s mueller w?/au;s neidhart w?/au;s nettekoven m?/au;s pflieger  
p?/au

L76 63 FILE MEDLINE  
L77 80 FILE BIOSIS  
L78 66 FILE EMBASE  
L79 55 FILE CAPLUS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L80 264 MATTEI P?/AU

L81 440 FILE MEDLINE  
L82 3463 FILE BIOSIS  
L83 803 FILE EMBASE  
L84 4709 FILE CAPLUS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L85 9415 MUELLER W?/AU

L86 9 FILE MEDLINE  
L87 27 FILE BIOSIS  
L88 12 FILE EMBASE  
L89 47 FILE CAPLUS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L90 95 NEIDHART W?/AU

L91 7 FILE MEDLINE  
L92 19 FILE BIOSIS  
L93 13 FILE EMBASE  
L94 38 FILE CAPLUS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L95 77 NETTEKOVEN M?/AU

L96 9 FILE MEDLINE



L97 25 FILE BIOSIS  
L98 9 FILE EMBASE  
L99 34 FILE CAPLUS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L100 77 PFLIEGER P?/AU

=> s 180 and 185 and 190 and 195 and 1100

L101 0 FILE MEDLINE  
L102 2 FILE BIOSIS  
L103 0 FILE EMBASE  
L104 3 FILE CAPLUS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L105 5 L80 AND L85 AND L90 AND L95 AND L100

=> dup rem 1105

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L105

L106 5 DUP REM L105 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 1-5 ibib abs;s \*180 or 185 or 190 or 195 or 1100) and 169

L106 ANSWER 1 OF 5 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 The Thomson Corporation on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:398066 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200400402559

TITLE: Quinoline derivatives.

AUTHOR(S): Klug, Michael G. [Inventor, Reprint Author]; **Mattei, Patrizio** [Inventor]; **Mueller, Werner** [Inventor]; **Neidhart, Werner** [Inventor]; **Nettekoven, Matthias Heinrich** [Inventor]; **Pflieger, Philippe** [Inventor]; Plancher, Jean-Marc [Inventor]

CORPORATE SOURCE: Denver, CO, USA

ASSIGNEE: Hoffmann-La Roche Inc.

PATENT INFORMATION: US 6787558 20040907

SOURCE: Official Gazette of the United States Patent and Trademark Office Patents, (Sep 7 2004) Vol. 1286, No. 1.  
<http://www.uspto.gov/web/menu/patdata.html>. e-file.  
ISSN: 0098-1133 (ISSN print).

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 13 Oct 2004

Last Updated on STN: 13 Oct 2004

AB Compounds of formula I ##STR1## as well as pharmaceutically acceptable salts and esters thereof, wherein R1, R2, R3, A1 and A2 have the significance given in claim 1, can be used in the form of pharmaceutical preparations for the treatment or prevention of arthritis, cardiovascular diseases, diabetes, renal failure, eating disorders and obesity.

L106 ANSWER 2 OF 5 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 The Thomson Corporation on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:175615 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200400177681

TITLE: Quinoline derivatives.

AUTHOR(S): **Mattei, Patrizio** [Inventor, Reprint Author]; **Mueller, Werner** [Inventor]; **Neidhart, Werner** [Inventor]; **Nettekoven, Matthias Heinrich** [Inventor]; **Pflieger, Philippe** [Inventor]

CORPORATE SOURCE: Riehen, Switzerland

ASSIGNEE: Hoffmann-La Roche Inc.  
 PATENT INFORMATION: US 6696467 20040224  
 SOURCE: Official Gazette of the United States Patent and Trademark  
 Office Patents, (Feb 24 2004) Vol. 1279, No. 4.  
<http://www.uspto.gov/web/menu/patdata.html>. e-file.  
 ISSN: 0098-1133 (ISSN print).

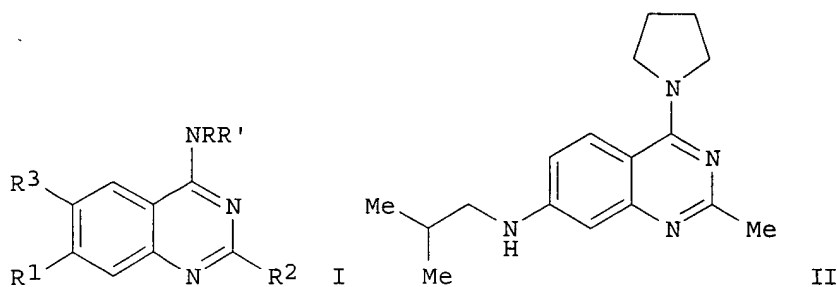
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 31 Mar 2004  
 Last Updated on STN: 31 Mar 2004

AB Compounds of general formula I ##STR1## as well as pharmaceutically acceptable salts and esters thereof, are potent inhibitors of neuropeptide Y and can be used in the form of pharmaceutical preparations for the treatment or prevention of various disease states and related morbidities including obesity.

L106 ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:41451 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:111423  
 TITLE: Quinazoline derivatives useful as neuropeptide Y (NPY) receptor ligands, particularly antagonists, their preparation and pharmaceutical compositions, and their use in the treatment of, e.g. obesity  
 INVENTOR(S): Mattei, Patrizio; Mueller, Werner; Neidhart, Werner; Nettekoven, Matthias Heinrich; Pflieger, Philippe  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ag, Switz.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 44 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004005265	A1	20040115	WO 2003-EP6868	20030627
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2489251	AA	20040115	CA 2003-2489251	20030627
BR 2003012461	A	20050426	BR 2003-12461	20030627
EP 1560816	A1	20050810	EP 2003-740372	20030627
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
JP 2005535648	T2	20051124	JP 2004-518609	20030627
US 2004029901	A1	20040212	US 2003-613782	20030703
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			EP 2002-14904	A 20020705
			WO 2003-EP6868	W 20030627
OTHER SOURCE(S):			MARPAT 140:111423	
GI				



AB Title compds. I and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts and esters can be used in the form of pharmaceutical preps. for the treatment or prevention of arthritis, cardiovascular diseases, diabetes, renal failure, eating disorders, and obesity [wherein: R<sup>1</sup> = OR<sup>4</sup> or NR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>; = alkyl or amino; R<sup>3</sup> = H, alkyl, or halogen; R<sup>4</sup> = H, alkyl, alkoxyalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, amino-SO<sub>2</sub>-, or alkyl-SO<sub>2</sub>-; R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup> = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, cycloalkylcarbonyl, aryl, aralkyl, arylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, heterocyclalkyl, heterocyclalkylalkyl, heterocyclalkylcarbonyl, alkyl-SO<sub>2</sub>-, aryl-SO<sub>2</sub>-, heterocyclalkyl-SO<sub>2</sub>-, or amino-SO<sub>2</sub>-; or NR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup> = 5- to 10-membered heterocyclic ring with optional addnl. N or O atom, and optionally substituted with alkyl and/or alkoxy; NRR' = 5- to 7-membered saturated heterocyclic ring optionally containing a second heteroatom (O, N, or S)

and, optionally substituted by halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, cycloalkylalkoxy, hydroxy, amino, acetylamino, cyano, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, haloalkoxyalkyl, and cycloalkylalkoxyalkyl]. I are neuropeptide ligands; more specifically, they are selective neuropeptide Y (NPY) antagonists, and in particular, they are antagonists for the Y<sub>5</sub> receptor subtype. Approx. 34 specific examples were prepared, and 10 of these are claimed. For instance, 4-bromoanthranilic acid was cyclocondensed with acetyl chloride to give 99.4% 7-bromo-2-methyl-3H-quinazolin-4-one, which was treated with POCl<sub>3</sub> and PhNMe<sub>2</sub> to give 59% 7-bromo-4-chloro-2-methylquinazoline. Aminolysis of this dihalide, first with pyrrolidine at the 4-position (100%), and then with isobutylamine at the 7-position, gave a preferred invention compound, II. In tests for displacement of labeled peptide YY (PYY) from mouse brain NPY<sub>5</sub> receptors expressed in HEK 293 cells, compound II had an IC<sub>50</sub> value of 3 nM.

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L106 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:282396 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:287536

TITLE: Preparation of 4-(heterocyclalkyl)quinolines as neuropeptide Y antagonists

INVENTOR(S): Klug, Michael G.; Mattei, Patrizio; Mueller, Werner; Neidhart, Werner; Nettekoven, Matthias Heinrich; Pflieger, Philippe; Plancher, Jean-marc

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ag, Switz.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 90 pp.

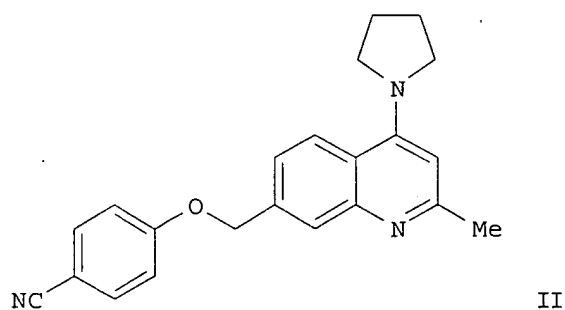
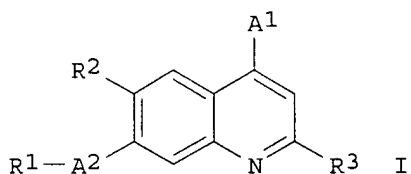
CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003028726	A1	20030410	WO 2002-EP10618	20020920
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 2003158179	A1	20030821	US 2002-247009	20020919
US 6787558	B2	20040907		
CA 2460865	AA	20030410	CA 2002-2460865	20020920
EP 1432421	A1	20040630	EP 2002-779399	20020920
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK				
BR 2002012929	A	20041013	BR 2002-12929	20020920
JP 2005508923	T2	20050407	JP 2003-532058	20020920
NO 2004001235	A	20040324	NO 2004-1235	20040324
ZA 2004002359	A	20050503	ZA 2004-2359	20040325
US 2004259858	A1	20041223	US 2004-896445	20040722
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			EP 2001-123496	A 20010928
			US 2002-247009	A1 20020919
			WO 2002-EP10618	W 20020920
OTHER SOURCE(S):			MARPAT 138:287536	
GI				



AB Title compds. I [wherein R1 = OR4 or NR5R6; R2 = H, (cyclo)alkyl, alkoxy, halo, heterocyclyl, or NH2; R3 = H, alkyl, NH2, or halo; R4 = H, alkyl,

aryl, aralkyl, cycloalkyl(alkyl), alkoxyalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, or heterocyclyl; R5 and R6 = independently H, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, cycloalkyl(alkyl), alkoxyalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, or heterocyclyl; or NR5R6 = (un)substituted heterocyclyl; A1 = (un)substituted heterocyclyl; A2 = CH2 or CO; and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and esters thereof] were prepared as neuropeptide Y (NPY) antagonists. For example, reaction of 4-chloro-2-methylquinoline-7-carbonitrile with ethanolic HCl provided 4-chloro-2-methylquinoline-7-carboxylic acid Et ester (80%), which was reduced to the methanol derivative (71%) with diisobutylaluminum hydride in THF. Amination with pyrrolidine gave [2-methyl-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)quinolin-7-yl]methanol (90%). Coupling of the quinolinylmethanol with 4-fluorobenzonitrile afforded II. In radioligand competition binding assays using human embryonic kidney cells transfected with recombinant mouse NPY5-receptor, II exhibited activity as an NPY5 antagonist with IC50 of 22 nM. Thus, I are useful for the treatment or prevention of arthritis, cardiovascular diseases, diabetes, renal failure, eating disorders, and obesity (no data).

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L106 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:633280 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:179984

TITLE: Preparation of quinoline derivatives as neuropeptide inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Mattei, Patrizio; Mueller, Werner; Neidhart, Werner; Nettekoven, Matthias Heinrich; Pflieger, Philippe

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hoffmann-La Roche Inc., Switz.

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 27 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

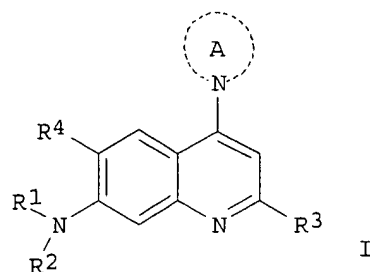
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2003153553	A1	20030814	US 2003-358006	20030204
US 6696467	B2	20040224		
CA 2473181	AA	20030814	CA 2003-2473181	20030127
WO 2003066055	A1	20030814	WO 2003-EP777	20030127
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
EP 1474145	A1	20041110	EP 2003-702533	20030127
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
BR 2003007441	A	20050104	BR 2003-7441	20030127
JP 2005523901	T2	20050811	JP 2003-565479	20030127
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			EP 2002-1967	A 20020204
			WO 2003-EP777	W 20030127
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 139:179984				

GI



AB Compds. of general formula (I) as well as pharmaceutically acceptable salts and esters thereof [R1, R2 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, cycloalkylcarbonyl, cycloalkylalkylcarbonyl, aryl, aralkyl, arylcarbonyl, aralkylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, heterocyclylalkylcarbonyl, carbocyclyl, carbocyclylalkyl, amino, alkyl-SO2-, aryl-SO2-, heterocyclyl-SO2-, SO2NH2; or R1 and R2 together with the N atom to which they are attached form a 5- to 10-membered heterocyclic ring which optionally comprises a second heteroatom selected from nitrogen or oxygen and wherein the heterocyclic ring is optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl and alkoxy; R3 = H, alkyl, NH2, halo; R4 = H, halogen, heterocyclyl, NH2, alkyl; A = a 5 to 7-membered saturated heterocyclic ring comprising the nitrogen atom which is attached to the quinoline ring and optionally a second heteroatom which is selected from oxygen, sulfur or nitrogen and, wherein the ring A is optionally substituted by one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkoxy, hydroxy, amino, acetylamino, cyano, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, cycloalkylalkoxy, and cycloalkylalkoxyalkyl] are prepared. These compds. are potent inhibitors of neuropeptide Y and can be used in the form of pharmaceutical preps. to reduce appetite for the treatment or prevention of various disease states and related morbidities including obesity. Thus, a suspension of 1.01 g (3 mmol) 7-iodo-2-methyl-4-pyrrolidin-1-ylquinoline, 0.186 g (0.3 mmol) racemic BINAP, 33.7 mg (0.15 mmol) palladium(II) acetate, and 0.87 g (9 mmol) sodium tert-butyrate in toluene (25 mL) was treated at room temperature with 0.427 g (6 mmol) aminomethylcyclopropane and then heated to reflux under an argon atmospheric

for

20 h to give, after workup and silica gel chromatog., 253 mg (30%) cyclopropylmethyl(2-methyl-4-pyrrolidin-1-ylquinolin-7-yl)amine as light yellow foam. Isobutyl(2-methyl-4-pyrrolidin-1-ylquinolin-7-yl)amine and furan-2-carboxylic acid (2-methyl-4-pyrrolidin-1-ylquinolin-7-yl)amide showed IC50 of 0.7 and 0.3 nM, resp., for inhibiting the binding of [125I]peptide YY to recombinant mouse NPY5-receptor expressed in human embryonic kidney 293 cells (HEK293).

=> s (180 or 185 or 190 or 195 or 1100) and 169

L107	0 FILE MEDLINE
L108	0 FILE BIOSIS
L109	0 FILE EMBASE
L110	1 FILE CAPLUS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

Prepared by: Mary Hale @2-2507 Rem Bldg 1D86

L111 1 (L80 OR L85 OR L90 OR L95 OR L100) AND L69

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L111 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:41451 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:111423

TITLE: Quinazoline derivatives useful as neuropeptide Y (NPY) receptor ligands, particularly antagonists, their preparation and pharmaceutical compositions, and their use in the treatment of, e.g. obesity

INVENTOR(S): Mattei, Patrizio; Mueller, Werner; Neidhart, Werner; Nettekoven, Matthias Heinrich; Pflieger, Philippe

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ag, Switz.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 44 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

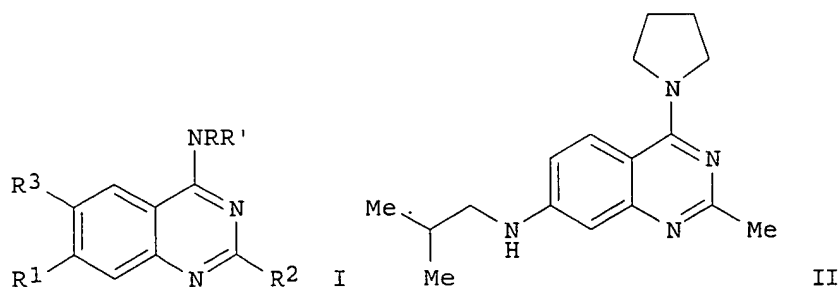
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004005265	A1	20040115	WO 2003-EP6868	20030627
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
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CA 2489251	AA	20040115	CA 2003-2489251	20030627
BR 2003012461	A	20050426	BR 2003-12461	20030627
EP 1560816	A1	20050810	EP 2003-740372	20030627
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
JP 2005535648	T2	20051124	JP 2004-518609	20030627
US 2004029901	A1	20040212	US 2003-613782	20030703
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			EP 2002-14904	A 20020705
			WO 2003-EP6868	W 20030627

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:111423

GI



AB Title compds. I and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts and esters can be used in the form of pharmaceutical preps. for the treatment or prevention of arthritis, cardiovascular diseases, diabetes, renal failure, eating disorders, and obesity [wherein: R1 = OR4 or NR5R6; = alkyl or amino; R3 = H, alkyl, or halogen; R4 = H, alkyl, alkoxyalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, amino-SO2-, or alkyl-SO2-; R5, R6 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, cycloalkylcarbonyl, aryl, aralkyl, arylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, alkyl-SO2-, aryl-SO2-, heterocyclyl-SO2-, or amino-SO2-; or NR5R6 = 5- to 10-membered heterocyclic ring with optional addnl. N or O atom, and optionally substituted with alkyl and/or alkoxy; NRR' = 5- to 7-membered saturated heterocyclic ring optionally containing a second heteroatom (O, N,

or S)

and, optionally substituted by halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, cycloalkylalkoxy, hydroxy, amino, acetylamino, cyano, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, haloalkoxyalkyl, and cycloalkylalkoxyalkyl]. I are neuropeptide ligands; more specifically, they are selective neuropeptide Y (NPY) antagonists, and in particular, they are antagonists for the Y5 receptor subtype. Approx. 34 specific examples were prepared, and 10 of these are claimed. For instance, 4-bromoanthranilic acid was cyclocondensed with acetyl chloride to give 99.4% 7-bromo-2-methyl-3H-quinazolin-4-one, which was treated with POCl3 and PhNMe2 to give 59% 7-bromo-4-chloro-2-methylquinazoline. Aminolysis of this dihalide, first with pyrrolidine at the 4-position (100%), and then with isobutylamine at the 7-position, gave a preferred invention compound, II. In tests for displacement of labeled peptide YY (PYY) from mouse brain NPY5 receptors expressed in HEK 293 cells, compound II had an IC50 value of, 3 nM.

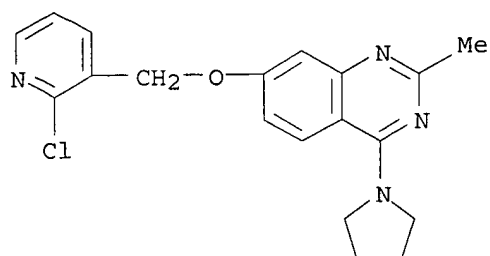
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 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(drug candidate; preparation of **quinazoline** derivs. as NPY antagonists for treatment of obesity, etc.)

RN 646450-58-0 CAPLUS

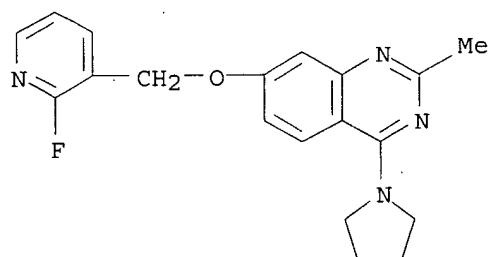
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RN 646450-62-6 CAPLUS

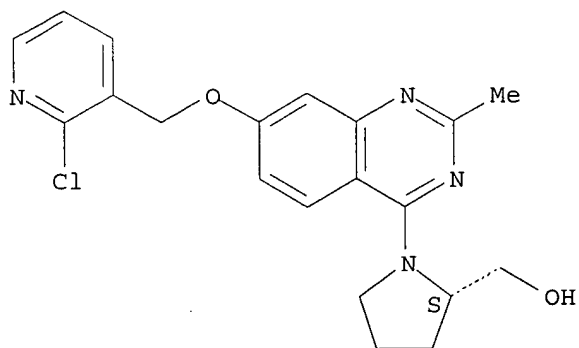
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(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 646450-69-3 CAPLUS

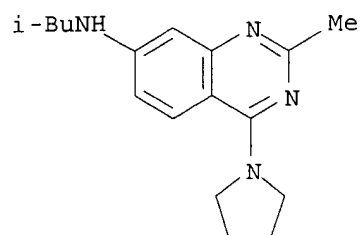
CN 2-Pyrrolidinemethanol, 1-[7-[(2-chloro-3-pyridinyl)methoxy]-2-methyl-4-quinazolinyl]-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

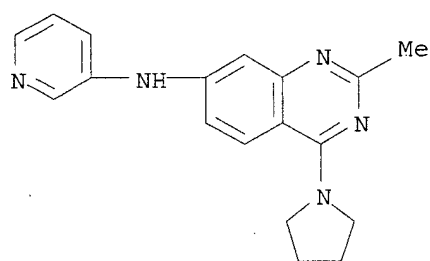


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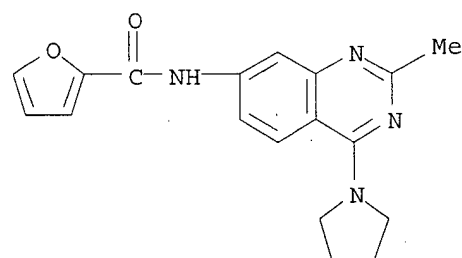
CN 7-Quinazolinamine, 2-methyl-N-(2-methylpropyl)-4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



RN 646450-86-4 CAPLUS  
 CN 7-Quinazolinamine, 2-methyl-N-3-pyridinyl-4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

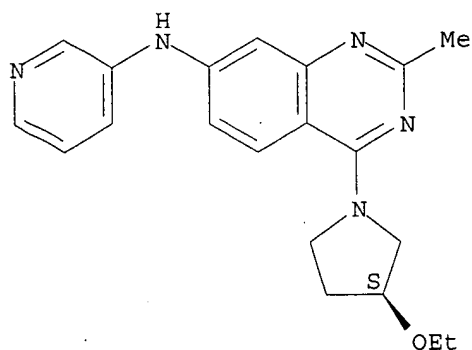


RN 646450-87-5 CAPLUS  
 CN 2-Furancarboxamide, N-[2-methyl-4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-7-quinazolinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 646450-88-6 CAPLUS  
 CN 7-Quinazolinamine, 4-[(3S)-3-ethoxy-1-pyrrolidinyl]-2-methyl-N-3-pyridinyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

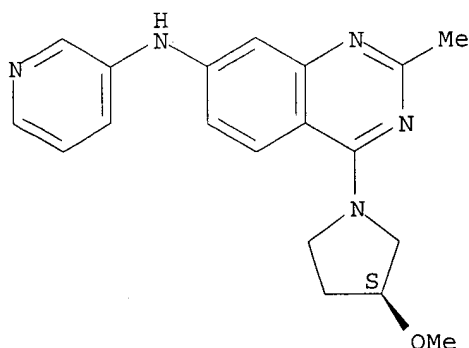
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 646450-90-0 CAPLUS

CN 7-Quinazolinamine, 4-[(3S)-3-methoxy-1-pyrrolidinyl]-2-methyl-N-3-pyridinyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> dis his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:57:04 ON 29 NOV 2005)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:57:13 ON 29 NOV 2005

L1 STR  
L2 2 S L1  
L3 39 S L1 FUL

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, EMBASE, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:59:48 ON 29 NOV 2005

L4 0 FILE MEDLINE  
L5 0 FILE BIOSIS  
L6 0 FILE EMBASE  
L7 4 FILE CAPLUS  
TOTAL FOR ALL FILES  
L8 4 S L3

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:00:18 ON 29 NOV 2005

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E "7-(2-CHLORO-PYRIDIN-3-YLMETHOXY)-2-METHYL-4-PYRROLIDIN-1-YL-

L9 0 S METHYL(L) PYRROLIDIN?(L) QUINAZOLIN?(L) OXYMETHYL(L) BENZONITRILE

L10 0 S METHYL(L) PYRROLIDIN?(L) QUINAZOLIN?(L) YLOXYMETHYL(L) BENZONITRI

L11 1 S CHLORO(L) PYRIDIN?(L) YLMETHOXY(L) METHYL(L) PYRROLIDIN?(L) QUINAZ

L12 1 S FLUORO(L) PYRIDIN?(L) YLMETHOXY(L) METHYL(L) PYRROLIDIN?(L) QUINAZ

L13 1 S CHLORO(L) PYRIDIN?(L) YLMETHOXY(L) METHYL(L) QUINAZOLIN?(L) PYRROL

L14 0 S ETHOXY(L) PYRROLIDIN?(L) METHYL(L) QUINAZOLIN?(L) YLOXYMETHYL(L) B

L15 1 S ISOBUTYL(L) METHYL(L) PYRROLIDIN?(L) QUINAZOLIN?(L) AMINE

L16 41 S METHYL(L) PYRROLIDIN?(L) QUINAZOLIN?(L) PYRIDIN?(L) AMINE?

L17 1 S FURAN(L) CARBOXYLIC ACID(L) METHYL(L) PYRROLIDIN?(L) QUINAZOLIN?(L)

L18 9 S ETHOXY(L) PYRROLIDIN?(L) METHYL(L) QUINAZOLIN?(L) PYRIDIN?(L) AMIN

L19 14 S METHOXY(L) PYRROLIDIN?(L) METHYL(L) QUINAZOLIN?(L) PYRIDIN?(L) AMI

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, EMBASE, 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:07:00 ON 29 NOV 2005

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L21 0 FILE BIOSIS

L22 1 FILE EMBASE

L23 8 FILE CAPLUS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

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L25 0 FILE MEDLINE

L26 0 FILE BIOSIS

L27 0 FILE EMBASE

L28 6 FILE CAPLUS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L29 6 S ETHOXY(L) PYRROLIDIN?(L) METHYL(L) QUINAZOLIN?(L) PYRIDIN?(L) AMIN

L30 0 FILE MEDLINE

L31 0 FILE BIOSIS

L32 0 FILE EMBASE

L33 1 FILE CAPLUS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L34 1 S FURAN(L) CARBOXYLIC ACID(L) METHYL(L) PYRROLIDIN?(L) QUINAZOLIN?(L)

L35 1 FILE MEDLINE

L36 0 FILE BIOSIS

L37 1 FILE EMBASE

L38 14 FILE CAPLUS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L39 16 S METHYL(L) PYRROLIDIN?(L) QUINAZOLIN?(L) PYRIDIN?(L) AMINE? OR L16

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L41 0 FILE BIOSIS

L42 0 FILE EMBASE

L43 1 FILE CAPLUS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

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L45 0 FILE MEDLINE

L46 0 FILE BIOSIS

L47 0 FILE EMBASE

L48 0 FILE CAPLUS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L49 0 S ETHOXY(L) PYRROLIDIN?(L) METHYL(L) QUINAZOLIN?(L) YLOXYMETHYL(L) B

L50 0 FILE MEDLINE

L51 0 FILE BIOSIS

L52 0 FILE EMBASE

L53 1 FILE CAPLUS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

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L56 0 FILE BIOSIS

L57 0 FILE EMBASE

L58 1 FILE CAPLUS

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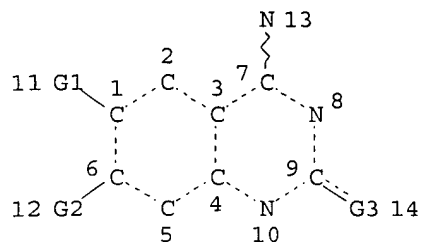
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L60      0 FILE MEDLINE
L61      0 FILE BIOSIS
L62      0 FILE EMBASE
L63      1 FILE CAPLUS
TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
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L65      1 FILE MEDLINE
L66      0 FILE BIOSIS
L67      1 FILE EMBASE
L68      14 FILE CAPLUS
TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
L69      16 S L24 OR L29 OR L34 OR L39 OR L44 OR L54 OR L59 OR L64
L70      1 FILE MEDLINE
L71      0 FILE BIOSIS
L72      1 FILE EMBASE
L73      13 FILE CAPLUS
TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
L74      15 S L69 NOT L8
L75      14 DUP REM L74 (1 DUPLICATE REMOVED)
L76      63 FILE MEDLINE
L77      80 FILE BIOSIS
L78      66 FILE EMBASE
L79      55 FILE CAPLUS
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L81      440 FILE MEDLINE
L82      3463 FILE BIOSIS
L83      803 FILE EMBASE
L84      4709 FILE CAPLUS
TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
L85      9415 S MUELLER W?/AU
L86      9 FILE MEDLINE
L87      27 FILE BIOSIS
L88      12 FILE EMBASE
L89      47 FILE CAPLUS
TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
L90      95 S NEIDHART W?/AU
L91      7 FILE MEDLINE
L92      19 FILE BIOSIS
L93      13 FILE EMBASE
L94      38 FILE CAPLUS
TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
L95      77 S NETTEKOVEN M?/AU
L96      9 FILE MEDLINE
L97      25 FILE BIOSIS
L98      9 FILE EMBASE
L99      34 FILE CAPLUS
TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
L100     77 S PFLIEGER P?/AU
L101     0 FILE MEDLINE
L102     2 FILE BIOSIS
L103     0 FILE EMBASE
L104     3 FILE CAPLUS
TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
L105     5 S L80 AND L85 AND L90 AND L95 AND L100
L106     5 DUP REM L105 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L107     0 FILE MEDLINE
L108     0 FILE BIOSIS

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Page 78

L109 0 FILE EMBASE  
L110 1 FILE CAPLUS  
TOTAL FOR ALL FILES  
L111 1 S (L80 OR L85 OR L90 OR L95 OR L100) AND L69

=> d l3 que stat  
L1 STR



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VAR G2=O/N  
VAR G3=C/N  
NODE ATTRIBUTES:  
NSPEC IS R AT 13  
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM  
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:  
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED  
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STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE  
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100.0% PROCESSED 12672 ITERATIONS  
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39 ANSWERS

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FULL ESTIMATED COST	206.63	693.69
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-12.41	-15.33

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 11:14:24 ON 29 NOV 2005